

ZEPHYR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND COMPLIANCE REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2025

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ZEPHYR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND COMPLIANCE REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2025

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CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

Zephyr Independent School District
Name of School District

Brown
County

025-906
Co.-Dist. Number

We, the undersigned, certify that the attached auditor's reports of the above named school district were reviewed and ___approved
- ___disapproved for the year ended August 31, 2025, at a meeting of the board of school trustees of such school district on the
___ day of _____, 2025.

Signature of Board Secretary

Signature of Board President

If the auditor's reports were checked above as disapproved, the reason(s) therefore is/are (attach list if necessary):

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Trustees
Zephyr Independent School District
11625 CR 281
Zephyr, Texas 76890

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information for Zephyr Independent School District (the "District") as of and for the year ended August 31, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of August 31, 2025, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with account principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Financial Statements section of my report. I am required to be independent of the District and to meet my other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements related to my audit. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.

Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note V to the financial statements, the District adopted new accounting guidance, GASBS No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. My opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibility of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement due date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit with conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, I:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in my judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

I am required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that I identify during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

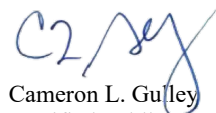
Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedure to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

My audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining statements and the required TEA schedules listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In my opinion, the combining statements and the required TEA schedules listed in the table of contents are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, I have also issued my report dated November 20, 2025, on my consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.


Cameron L. Gulley
Certified Public Accountant
Eastland, Texas

November 20, 2025

Zephyr Independent School District

Stanton Marwitz, Superintendent
Caleb Walls, Principal
11625 CR 281 Zephyr, Texas 76890
Phone: (325) 739-5331 Fax: (325) 739-2126

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

In this section of the Annual Financial and Compliance Report, we, the managers of Zephyr Independent School District, discuss and analyze the District's financial performance for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2025. Please read it in conjunction with the independent auditor's report on page 2 and the District's Basic Financial Statements which begin on page 10.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (on pages 10 - 11). These provide information about the activities of the District as a whole and present a longer-term view of the District's property and debt obligations and other financial matters. They reflect the flow of total economic resources in a manner similar to the financial reports of a business enterprise.

Fund financial statements (starting on page 12) report the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the District's most significant funds. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short term as well as what resources remain for future spending. They reflect the flow of current financial resources and supply the basis for tax levies and the appropriations budget. For proprietary activities, fund financial statements tell how goods or services of the District were sold to departments within the District or to external customers and how the sales revenues covered the expenses of the goods or services. The remaining statements, fiduciary statements, provide financial information about activities for which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the District.

The notes to the financial statements (starting on page 21) provide narrative explanations or additional data needed for full disclosure in the government-wide statements or the fund financial statements.

The combining statements for nonmajor funds contain even more information about the District's individual funds. These are not required by TEA. The sections labeled TEA Required Schedules and Federal Awards Section contain data used by monitoring or regulatory agencies for assurance that the District is using funds supplied in compliance with the terms of grants.

Reporting the District as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The analysis of the District's overall financial condition and operations begins on page 5. Its primary purpose is to show whether the District is better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities. The Statement of Net Position includes all the District's assets and liabilities at the end of the year while the Statement of Activities includes all the revenues and expenses generated by the District's operations during the year. These apply the accrual basis of accounting which is the basis used by private sector companies.

All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. The District's revenues are divided into those provided by outside parties who share the costs of some programs, such as grants provided by the U.S. Department of Education to assist children with disabilities or from disadvantaged backgrounds (program revenues), and revenues provided by the taxpayers or by TEA in equalization funding processes (general revenues). All the District's assets are reported whether they serve the current year or future years. Liabilities are considered regardless of whether they must be paid in the current or future years.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in them. The District's net position (the difference between assets and liabilities) provide one measure of the District's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. To fully assess the overall health of the District, however, you should consider nonfinancial factors as well, such as changes in the District's average daily attendance or its property tax base and the condition of the District's facilities.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we divide the District into one activity:

Governmental activities - All of the District's basic services are reported here, including the instruction, counseling, co-curricular activities, transportation, maintenance, community services, and general administration. Property taxes, tuition, fees, and state and federal grants finance most of these services.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements begin on page 12 and provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the District as a whole. Laws and contracts require the District to establish some funds, such as grants received under the No Child Left Behind Act from the U.S. Department of Education. The District's administration establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes (like campus activities). The District's fund type - governmental - use the following accounting approaches.

Governmental funds - All of the District's basic services are reported in governmental funds. These use the modified accrual accounting (a method that measures the receipt and disbursement of cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash) and report balances that are available for future spending. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general operations and the basic services it provides. We describe the differences between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in reconciliation schedules following each of the fund financial statements.

The District as Trustee

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for money raised by student activities. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Position and Changes in Fiduciary Net Position on pages 19 and 20. We exclude these resources from the District's other financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The District is only responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The following analyses of comparative balances and changes therein is inclusive of the current year's and prior year's operations. Our analysis focuses on the net position (Table I) and changes in net position (Table II) of the District's governmental and business-type activities.

Total net position of the District's governmental activities increased from \$2,673,820 to \$3,467,694. Unrestricted net position - the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements - increased from \$550,378 to \$594,714. Current and other assets increased by \$200 thousand due to increases in state receivables. Capital assets increased by \$409 thousand due to asset additions in excess of depreciation expense. Long-term liabilities increased by \$6 thousand due to the effects of net pension (NPL), other post-employment benefit (OPEB) and accrued compensated absences liabilities offset by principal retired on outstanding debt. Other liabilities increased by \$10 thousand due to ending accrued payroll liabilities. Deferred resource outflows related to NPL and OPEB liabilities increased by \$144 thousand and deferred resource inflows related to NPL and OPEB liabilities decreased by \$58 thousand.

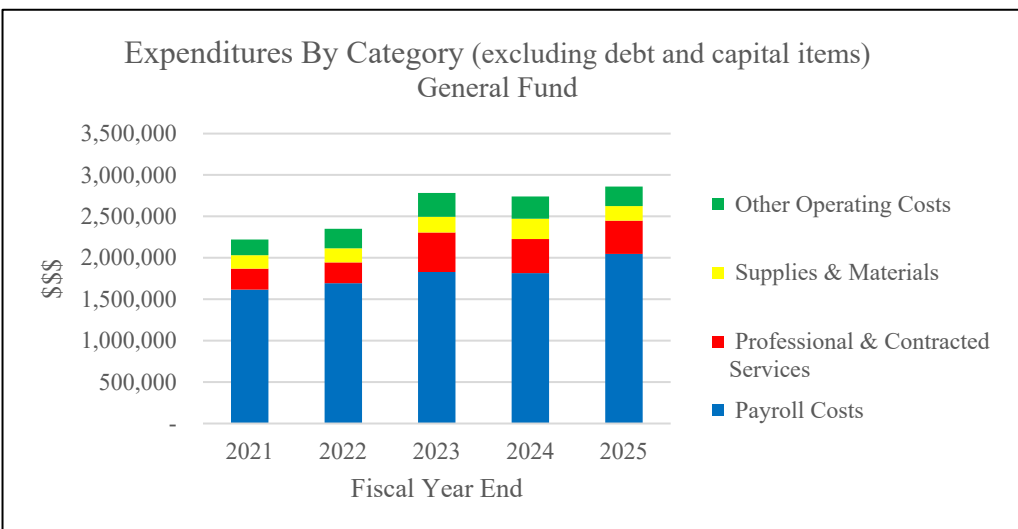
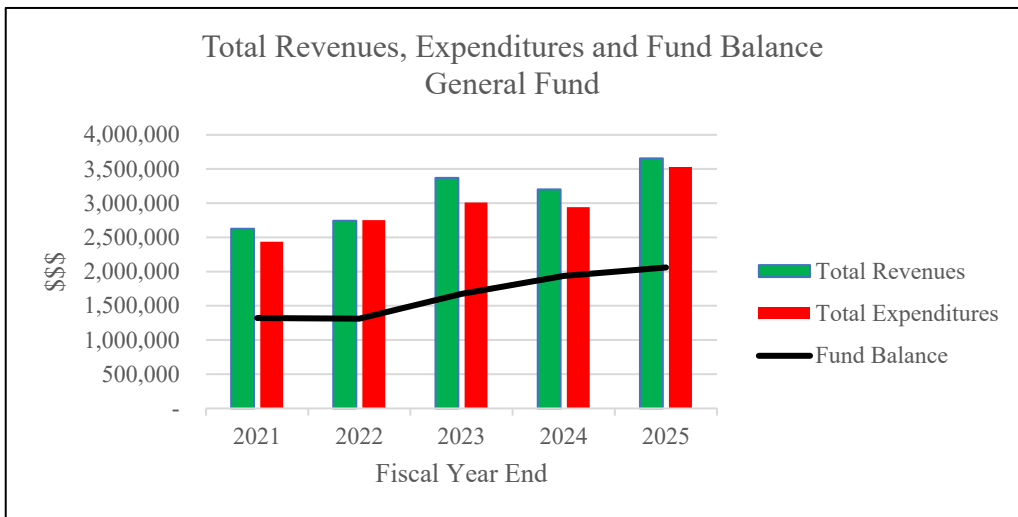
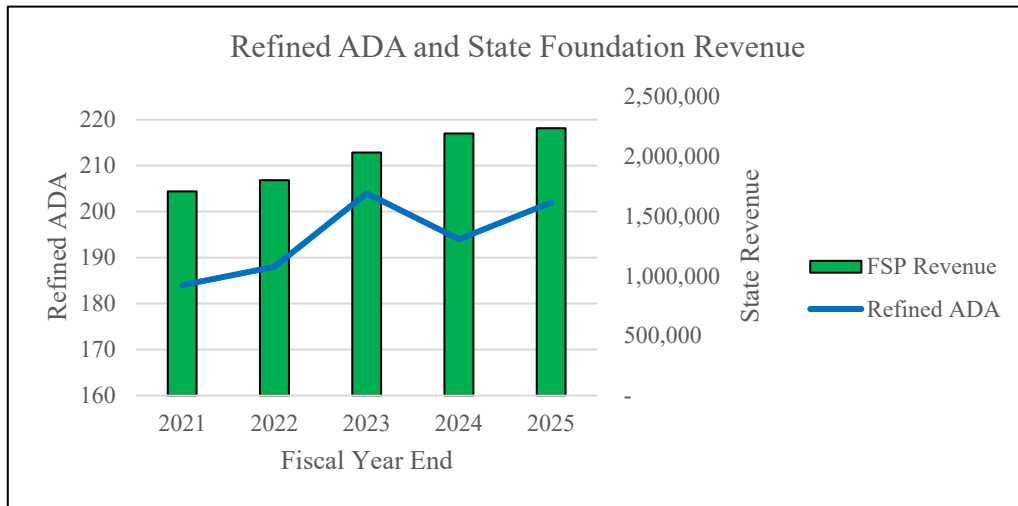
Total revenues increased by \$214 thousand for the year. Charges for services decreased by \$48 thousand due to prior year fees received for a tax limitation agreement application and extracurricular activity revenues. Grants and contributions increased by \$74 thousand due to federal and state grant revenues (primarily state security grants). General operating property tax revenues increased by \$26 thousand and debt service property tax revenues increased by \$8 thousand due to property valuation increases. State aid-formula grants increased by \$112 thousand due to increased foundation school program due to average daily attendance increases. Other revenues increased due to sale of real estate during the year.

Total expenses decreased by \$163 thousand. However, excluding the effects of NPL and OPEB on-behalf expense accruals, total expenses actually decreased by \$62 thousand for the year. Functional category variances were due to the following: total payroll costs increased by \$107 thousand; professional and contracted services decreased by \$29 thousand; supplies decreased by \$112 thousand; other operating expenses decreased by \$45 thousand; debt service expenses decreased by \$17 thousand; and depreciation expense increased by \$35 thousand.

Table I Net Position			
	Governmental Activities 2025	Governmental Activities 2024	Variance Increase/ (Decrease)
Current and other assets	\$ 2,725,045	\$ 2,525,330	\$ 199,715
Capital assets	5,599,045	5,189,683	409,362
Deferred resource outflows for TRS	1,133,970	990,253	143,717
Total assets and deferred resource outflows	9,458,060	8,705,266	752,794
Long-term liabilities	4,917,594	4,911,511	6,083
Other liabilities	228,522	218,115	10,407
Deferred resource inflows for TRS	844,250	901,820	(57,570)
Total liabilities and deferred resource inflows	5,990,366	6,031,446	(41,080)
Net position:			
Net investment in capital assets	2,540,831	1,854,200	686,631
Restricted for federal and state programs	67,726	40,669	27,057
Restricted for debt service	264,423	228,573	35,850
Unrestricted	594,714	550,378	44,336
Total net position	\$ 3,467,694	\$ 2,673,820	\$ 793,874

Table II Changes in Net Position			
	Governmental Activities 2025	Governmental Activities 2024	Variance Favorable/ (Unfavorable)
Revenues:			
Program Revenues:			
Charges for services	\$ 133,968	\$ 182,419	\$ (48,451)
Grants and contributions	745,334	671,541	73,793
General Revenues:			
Property taxes - general operating	575,079	549,516	25,563
Property taxes - debt service	194,536	186,043	8,493
State aid - formula grants	2,500,346	2,388,839	111,507
Other	254,125	211,473	42,652
Total Revenues	4,403,388	4,189,831	213,557
Expenses:			
Instruction, curriculum and media services	1,696,603	1,730,074	33,471
Instructional and school leadership	121,340	120,046	(1,294)
Student support services	120,634	108,825	(11,809)
Child nutrition	239,345	243,962	4,617
Extracurricular activities	403,233	429,704	26,471
General administration	280,180	285,691	5,511
Plant maintenance, security & data processing	509,274	584,487	75,213
Debt service	87,519	104,969	17,450
Payments related to shared service arrangements	36,790	46,604	9,814
Other intergovernmental charges	16,989	20,677	3,688
Total Expenses	3,511,907	3,675,039	163,132
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	891,481	514,792	376,689
Net Position - beginning of year	2,673,820	2,159,028	514,792
Prior period adjustment	(97,607)	0	(97,607)
Net Position - end of year	\$ 3,467,694	\$ 2,673,820	\$ 793,874

The following charts depict trend information for the past five years.



THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As the District completed the year, its governmental funds (as presented in the balance sheet on page 12) reported a combined fund balance of \$2,407,132, an increase of \$189,978 in the District's Governmental Funds from last year's fund balance of \$2,217,154. The primary reasons for the net increase are similar to the narrative related to the tables above. The major exceptions are depreciation expense which is not charged to the governmental funds and the net effect relative to GASB 68, 75 and 101 whose impacts are only at the government-wide level financial statements. The specific variances in the changes in fund balance versus the change in net position are detailed out on Exhibit C-4 on the accompanying general purpose financial statements.

The Board of Trustees revised the District's budget four times during the year. The most significant amendments were to student (pupil) transportation for buses acquired in part by grant; facilities maintenance and operations for contracted repair expenditures; and facilities acquisition and construction for weight room facilities.

The District's General Fund balance of \$2,061,151 reported on pages 14 and 44 differs from the General Fund's budgetary fund balance of \$1,786,314 reported in the budgetary comparison schedule on page 44 due to other financing sources for sale of assets and overall expenditures being less than budgeted.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2025, the District had \$9,419,606 invested in a broad range of capital assets including facilities and equipment for instruction, transportation, athletics, administration, and maintenance. Following were asset additions for the year.

Asset additions:

Bluebird buses (3)	\$ 405,349
Campus security improvements	180,986
Weight room	98,165
Septic system improvements	10,000
Campus wifi extender equipment	25,620
Total asset additions	<u>\$ 720,120</u>

Debt

The District has three outstanding debt instruments issued to finance the construction of educational facilities and equipment. Interest rates payable vary 1.60% to 6.75%. Final maturity on the bonds will be in fiscal year 2032.

Following is a summary of outstanding debt for the past two years:

	2025	2024
Bonds payable	\$ 2,875,000	\$ 3,050,000
Notes payable	99,000	194,000
Total	<u>\$ 2,974,000</u>	<u>\$ 3,244,000</u>

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The District should continue to maintain its financial health. A budget adopted for 2025-26 reflected tax rates at \$0.6491 for maintenance and operations and \$0.22638 for debt service. General fund revenues and expenditures were budgeted at approximately \$3.6 million for a projected break-even budget. Therefore, the District expects that its general fund balance will be approximately \$2.1 million at August 31, 2026.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the District's business office at: Zephyr Independent School District, 11625 CR 281, Zephyr, Texas 76890.

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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ZEPHYR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
AUGUST 31, 2025

EXHIBIT A-1

Data Control Codes	Primary Government Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
1110 Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 2,102,885
1220 Property Taxes - Delinquent	38,784
1230 Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes	(15,767)
1240 Due from Other Governments	596,089
1267 Due from Fiduciary Funds	39
1290 Other Receivables, Net	3,015
Capital Assets:	
1510 Land	269,588
1520 Buildings, Net	3,018,102
1530 Furniture and Equipment, Net	778,818
1590 Infrastructure, Net	1,532,537
1000 Total Assets	8,324,090
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
1701 Deferred Charge for Refunding	234,502
1705 Deferred Outflow Related to TRS Pension	238,898
1706 Deferred Outflow Related to TRS OPEB	660,570
1700 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,133,970
LIABILITIES	
2110 Accounts Payable	46,764
2140 Interest Payable	4,228
2160 Accrued Wages Payable	172,318
2200 Accrued Expenses	5,212
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
2501 Due Within One Year: Loans, Note, Leases, etc.	304,485
Due in More than One Year:	
2502 Bonds, Notes, Loans, Leases, etc.	3,108,892
2540 Net Pension Liability (District's Share)	757,381
2545 Net OPEB Liability (District's Share)	746,836
2000 Total Liabilities	5,146,116
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
2605 Deferred Inflow Related to TRS Pension	50,176
2606 Deferred Inflow Related to TRS OPEB	794,074
2600 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	844,250
NET POSITION	
3200 Net Investment in Capital Assets and Right-to-Use Lease Assets	2,540,831
Restricted:	
3820 Restricted for Federal and State Programs	67,726
3850 Restricted for Debt Service	264,423
3900 Unrestricted	594,714
3000 Total Net Position	\$ 3,467,694

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

ZEPHYR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2025

Data Control Codes	1	Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenues and Changes in Net Position
		3	4	5	
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Primary Government:					
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:					
11 Instruction	\$ 1,653,739	\$ -	\$ 109,190	\$ -	\$ (1,544,549)
12 Instructional Resources and Media Services	38,506	-	27,315	-	(11,191)
13 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development	4,358	-	-	-	(4,358)
23 School Leadership	121,340	-	3,705	-	(117,635)
31 Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services	677	-	-	-	(677)
33 Health Services	1,238	-	-	-	(1,238)
34 Student (Pupil) Transportation	118,719	-	(174)	296,012	177,119
35 Food Services	239,345	81,475	158,241	-	371
36 Extracurricular Activities	403,233	52,493	70	-	(350,670)
41 General Administration	280,180	-	187	-	(279,993)
51 Facilities Maintenance and Operations	380,127	-	73	-	(380,054)
52 Security and Monitoring Services	49,758	-	4,513	146,136	100,891
53 Data Processing Services	79,389	-	66	-	(79,323)
72 Debt Service - Interest on Long-Term Debt	87,459	-	-	-	(87,459)
73 Debt Service - Bond Issuance Cost and Fees	60	-	-	-	(60)
93 Payments Related to Shared Service Arrangements	36,790	-	-	-	(36,790)
99 Other Intergovernmental Charges	16,989	-	-	-	(16,989)
[TP] TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$ 3,511,907	\$ 133,968	\$ 303,186	\$ 442,148	(2,632,605)

Data	
Control	
Codes	General Revenues:
	Taxes:
MT	Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes 575,079
DT	Property Taxes, Levied for Debt Service 194,536
SF	State Aid - Formula Grants 2,500,346
IE	Investment Earnings 102,134
MI	Miscellaneous Local and Intermediate Revenue 151,991
TR	Total General Revenues 3,524,086
CN	Change in Net Position 891,481
NB	Net Position - Beginning 2,673,820
PA	Prior Period Adjustment (97,607)
NE	Net Position - Ending \$ 3,467,694

ZEPHYR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
AUGUST 31, 2025

Data Control Codes	10 General Fund	Other Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS			
1110 Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,681,493	\$ 350,790	\$ 2,032,283
1220 Property Taxes - Delinquent	30,224	8,560	38,784
1230 Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes	(12,467)	(3,300)	(15,767)
1240 Due from Other Governments	486,791	109,298	596,089
1260 Due from Other Funds	78,573	39	78,612
1290 Other Receivables	-	3,015	3,015
1000 Total Assets	<u>\$ 2,264,614</u>	<u>\$ 468,402</u>	<u>\$ 2,733,016</u>
LIABILITIES			
2110 Accounts Payable	\$ 38,063	\$ 8,701	\$ 46,764
2160 Accrued Wages Payable	144,752	27,566	172,318
2170 Due to Other Funds	-	78,573	78,573
2200 Accrued Expenditures	2,891	2,321	5,212
2000 Total Liabilities	<u>185,706</u>	<u>117,161</u>	<u>302,867</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
2601 Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	17,757	5,260	23,017
2600 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>17,757</u>	<u>5,260</u>	<u>23,017</u>
FUND BALANCES			
Restricted Fund Balance:			
3450 Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction	-	67,726	67,726
3480 Retirement of Long-Term Debt	-	259,163	259,163
Committed Fund Balance:			
3510 Construction	450,000	-	450,000
Assigned Fund Balance:			
3590 Other Assigned Fund Balance	-	19,092	19,092
3600 Unassigned Fund Balance	1,611,151	-	1,611,151
3000 Total Fund Balances	<u>2,061,151</u>	<u>345,981</u>	<u>2,407,132</u>
4000 Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances	<u>\$ 2,264,614</u>	<u>\$ 468,402</u>	<u>\$ 2,733,016</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

ZEPHYR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
AUGUST 31, 2025

EXHIBIT C-2

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 2,407,132
1 The District uses internal service funds to charge the costs of certain activities, such as self-insurance and printing, to appropriate functions in other funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position. The net effect of this consolidation is to increase net position.	70,602
2 Capital assets and right-to-use leased assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds. At the beginning of the year, the cost of these assets was \$8,787,086 and the accumulated depreciation was (\$3,597,403). In addition, long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. The net effect of including the beginning balances for capital assets (net of depreciation) and long-term debt in the governmental activities is to increase net position.	1,945,683
3 Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of including the capital outlays and debt principal payments is to increase net position. Similarly, the principal payments on right-to-use leased assets and subscription-based information technology arrangement assets (SBITA) are not expenses, rather they are decreases in the right-to-use lease liabilities and the SBITA liabilities. These payments must be reclassified and shown as reductions to these liabilities increasing net position.	990,120
4 Included in the items related to debt is the recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability required by GASB 68. The net position related to TRS included a deferred resource outflow in the amount of \$238,898, a deferred resource inflow in the amount of \$50,176, and a net pension liability in the amount of \$757,381 This resulted in a decrease in net position.	(568,659)
5 Included in the items related to debt is the recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability required by GASB 75. The net position related to TRS included a deferred resource outflow in the amount of \$660,570, a deferred resource inflow in the amount of \$794,074, and a net OPEB liability in the amount of \$746,836. This resulted in a decrease in net position.	(880,340)
6 The current year depreciation expense increases accumulated depreciation. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position.	(302,087)
7 Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing unavailable revenue from property taxes as revenue and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to decrease net position.	(194,757)
29 Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 3,467,694

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

ZEPHYR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2025

Data Control Codes	10 General Fund	Other Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES:			
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 740,669	\$ 347,279	\$ 1,087,948
5800 State Program Revenues	2,540,139	258,037	2,798,176
5900 Federal Program Revenues	301,776	264,592	566,368
5020 Total Revenues	3,582,584	869,908	4,452,492
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
0011 Instruction	1,611,666	86,705	1,698,371
0012 Instructional Resources and Media Services	10,978	27,315	38,293
0013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development	4,358	-	4,358
0023 School Leadership	122,679	3,648	126,327
0031 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services	677	-	677
0033 Health Services	1,238	-	1,238
0034 Student (Pupil) Transportation	478,806	-	478,806
0035 Food Services	19,565	212,659	232,224
0036 Extracurricular Activities	212,706	56,846	269,552
0041 General Administration	284,631	-	284,631
0051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations	409,878	-	409,878
0052 Security and Monitoring Services	24,001	150,635	174,636
0053 Data Processing Services	106,927	-	106,927
Debt Service:			
0071 Principal on Long-Term Liabilities	95,000	175,000	270,000
0072 Interest on Long-Term Liabilities	1,809	92,919	94,728
0073 Bond Issuance Cost and Fees	20	40	60
Capital Outlay:			
0081 Facilities Acquisition and Construction	90,866	-	90,866
Intergovernmental:			
0093 Payments to Fiscal Agent/Member Districts of SSA	36,790	-	36,790
0099 Other Intergovernmental Charges	16,989	-	16,989
6030 Total Expenditures	3,529,584	805,767	4,335,351
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	53,000	64,141	117,141
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):			
7912 Sale of Real and Personal Property	72,837	-	72,837
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances	125,837	64,141	189,978
0100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)	1,935,314	281,840	2,217,154
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$ 2,061,151	\$ 345,981	\$ 2,407,132

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

ZEPHYR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2025

EXHIBIT C-4

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 189,978
The District uses internal service funds to charge the costs of certain activities, such as self-insurance and printing, to appropriate functions in other funds. The net income (loss) of internal service funds are reported with governmental activities. The net effect of this consolidation is to increase net position.	5,420
Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of removing the current year capital outlays and debt principal payments is to increase the change net position. Similarly, current year principal payments on right-to-use leased assets and subscription-based information technology arrangements (SIBTA) are also reclassified as reductions to the right-to-use lease liability and the SBITA liability which will result in an increase in the change in net position.	990,120
Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease the change in net position.	(302,087)
Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing unavailable revenue from property taxes as revenue, adjusting current year revenue to show the revenue earned from the current year's tax levy and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to decrease the change in net position.	(35,622)
GASB 68 required that certain plan expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. These contributions made after the measurement date of the plan caused the change in ending net position to increase by \$65,868. Contributions made before the measurement date and during the previous fiscal year were also expended and recorded as a reduction in net pension liability. This caused a decrease in the change in net position totaling \$59,640. Finally, the proportionate share of the TRS pension expense on the plan as a whole had to be recorded. The net pension expense decreased the change in net position by \$44,953. The net result was a decrease in the change in net position.	(38,725)
GASB 75 required that certain plan expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. These contributions made after the measurement date of the plan caused the change in ending net position to increase by \$19,763. Contributions made before the measurement date and during the previous fiscal year were also expended and recorded as a reduction in net OPEB liability. This caused a decrease in the change in net position totaling \$32,334. Finally, the proportionate share of the TRS OPEB expense on the plan as a whole had to be recorded. The net OPEB expense increased the change in net position by \$94,968. The net result was an increase in the change in net position.	82,397
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 891,481

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

ZEPHYR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
AUGUST 31, 2025

	Governmental Activities -
	Internal Service Fund
ASSETS	
Current Assets:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 70,602
Total Assets	70,602
NET POSITION	
Unrestricted Net Position	70,602
Total Net Position	\$ 70,602

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

ZEPHYR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2025

	Governmental Activities -
	Internal Service Fund
OPERATING REVENUES:	
Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 25,200
Total Operating Revenues	25,200
OPERATING EXPENSES:	
Professional and Contracted Services	22,596
Total Operating Expenses	22,596
Operating Income	2,604
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):	
Earnings from Temporary Deposits & Investments	2,816
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	2,816
Change in Net Position	5,420
Total Net Position - September 1 (Beginning)	65,182
Total Net Position - August 31 (Ending)	\$ 70,602

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

ZEPHYR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2025

EXHIBIT D-3

	Governmental Activities -
	Internal Service Fund
<u>Cash Flows from Operating Activities:</u>	
Cash Received from User Charges	\$ 25,200
Cash Payments for Other Operating Expenses	(22,596)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	2,604
<u>Cash Flows from Investing Activities:</u>	
Interest and Dividends on Investments	2,816
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	5,420
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	-
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	5,420
Temporary Investment Not in Cash Equivalents	65,182
Cash on Balance Sheet:	\$ 70,602
<u>Reconciliation of Total Cash and Cash Equivalents:</u>	
Cash and Cash Equivalents on Balance Sheet	\$ 70,602
Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents on Balance Sheet	-
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 70,602
Temporary Investment Not in Cash Equivalents	-
Cash on Balance Sheet:	\$ -
<u>Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash</u>	
<u>Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities:</u>	
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ 2,604

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

ZEPHYR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
AUGUST 31, 2025

	Private Purpose Trust Fund	Custodial Fund
ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 6,706	\$ 67,617
Long Term Investments	46,098	-
Total Assets	52,804	\$ 67,617
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable	-	406
Due to Other Funds	-	39
Total Liabilities	-	445
NET POSITION		
Restricted for Scholarships	52,804	-
Restricted for Other Purposes	-	67,172
Total Net Position	\$ 52,804	\$ 67,172

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

ZEPHYR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2025

	Private Purpose Trust Fund	Custodial Fund
ADDITIONS:		
Miscellaneous Revenue - Student Activities	\$ -	\$ 70,478
Earnings from Temporary Deposits	1,619	2,909
Miscellaneous Additions	2,500	-
Total Additions	4,119	73,387
DEDUCTIONS:		
Other Deductions	1,500	55,173
Total Deductions	1,500	55,173
Change in Fiduciary Net Position	2,619	18,214
Total Net Position - September 1 (Beginning)	50,185	48,958
Total Net Position - August 31 (Ending)	\$ 52,804	\$ 67,172

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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ZEPHYR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2025

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Zephyr Independent School District (the "District") is a public educational agency operating under the applicable laws and regulations of the State of Texas. It is governed by a seven member Board of Trustees (the "Board") elected by registered voters of the District. The District prepares its basic financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and other authoritative sources identified in **GASB Statement No. 76**, and it complies with the requirements of the appropriate version of Texas Education Agency's *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide* (the "Resource Guide") and the requirements of contracts and grants of agencies from which it receives funds.

Pensions. The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB). The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) TRS-Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS-Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

The District applied Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. GASB Statement No. 72 provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for reporting purposes and applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements.

A. REPORTING ENTITY

The Board of Trustees (the "Board") is elected by the public and it has the authority to make decisions, appoint administrators and managers, and significantly influence operations. It also has the primary accountability for fiscal matters. Therefore, the District is a financial reporting entity as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") in its Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity." There are no component units included within the reporting entity.

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are government-wide financial statements. They report information on all of the District's nonfiduciary activities with most of the interfund activities removed. *Governmental activities* include programs supported primarily by taxes, State foundation funds, grants and other intergovernmental revenues. *Business-type activities* include operations that rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates how other people or entities that participate in programs the District operates have shared in the payment of the direct costs. The "charges for services" column includes payments made by parties that purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods or services provided by a given function or segment of the District. Examples include tuition paid by students not residing in the district, school lunch charges, etc. The "grants and contributions" column includes amounts paid by organizations outside the District to help meet the operational or capital requirements of a given function. Examples include grants under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act. If a revenue is not a program revenue, it is a general revenue used to support all of the District's functions. Taxes are always general revenues.

Interfund activities between governmental funds appear as due to/due froms on the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and as other resources and other uses on the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance. All interfund transactions between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide statements. Interfund activities between governmental funds and fiduciary funds remain as due to/due froms on the government-wide Statement of Activities.

The fund financial statements provide reports on the financial condition and results of operations for three fund categories - governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. Since the resources in the fiduciary funds cannot be used for District operations, they are not included in the government-wide statements. The District considers some governmental funds major and reports their financial condition and results of operations in a separate column.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues result from providing goods and services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations; they usually come from exchange or exchange-like transactions. All other revenues are nonoperating. Operating expenses can be tied specifically to the production of the goods and services, such as materials and labor and direct overhead. Other expenses are nonoperating.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements use the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements use the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets, current liabilities and fund balances are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present net increases and decreases in current assets (i.e., revenues and other financing sources and expenditures and other financing uses).

The modified accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available, and it recognizes expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest and principal on long-term debt, which is recognized when due. The expenditures related to certain compensated absences and claims and judgments are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the "susceptible to accrual" concept, that is, when they are both measurable and available. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available.

Grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant. Accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as unearned revenues until related and authorized expenditures have been made. If balances have not been expended by the end of the project period, grantors some times require the District to refund all or part of the unused amount.

The Proprietary Fund Types, Fiduciary Funds and Custodial Funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus and utilize the accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable and expenses in the accounting period in which they are incurred and become measurable. The District applies all GASB pronouncements as well as the Financial Accounting Standards Board pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless these pronouncements conflict or contradict GASB pronouncements. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the fund Statement of Net Position. The fund equity is segregated into invested in capital assets net of related debt, restricted net assets, and unrestricted net assets.

D. FUND ACCOUNTING

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

- 1. The General Fund.** The general fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund type(s):

Governmental Funds:

2. **Special Revenue Funds.** The District accounts for resources restricted to, or designated for, specific purposes by the District or a grantor in a special revenue fund. Most Federal and some State financial assistance is accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund, and sometimes unused balances must be returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods.
3. **Debt Service Fund** - The District accounts for resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds in a debt service fund.

Proprietary Funds:

4. **Internal Service Funds.** Revenues and expenses related to services provided to organizations inside the District on a cost reimbursement basis are accounted for in an internal service fund. The District's internal service fund is the "Brown County Schools Cooperative" fund.

Fiduciary Funds:

5. **Private Purpose Trust Funds.** The District accounts for donations for which the donor has stipulated that both the principal and the income may be used for purposes that benefit parties outside the District.
6. **Custodial Funds.** The District accounts for resources held for others in a custodial capacity in custodial funds. The District's Custodial Fund is the "Zephyr Student Activity Fund."

E. OTHER ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1. For purposes of the statement of cash flows for proprietary funds, the District considers highly liquid investments to be cash equivalents if they have a maturity of three months or less when purchased.
2. The District reports inventories of supplies at weighted average cost including consumable maintenance, instructional, office, athletic, and transportation items. Supplies are recorded as expenditures when they are consumed. Inventories of food commodities are recorded at market values supplied by the Texas Department of Human Services. Although commodities are received at no cost, their fair market value is supplied by the Texas Department of Human Services and recorded as inventory and unearned revenue when received. When requisitioned, inventory and unearned revenue are relieved, expenditures are charged, and revenue is recognized for an equal amount.
3. In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Right-to-use leases are reported in the government-wide statements with the lease liability calculated as the present value of reasonably certain expected future payments over the term of the lease. Right-to-use SBITA liabilities are reported in the government-wide statements. The SBITA liability is calculated as the present value of the reasonably certain expected payments made over the term of the contract and the interest included in the SBITA payments is recorded as an expense.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

4. It is the District's policy to permit some employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the District does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the district. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

5. Capital assets, which include land, buildings, furniture and equipment are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Buildings, furniture and equipment of the District are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Asset:</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	50
Building Improvements	20-50
Vehicles	5-10
Equipment	5-10
Infrastructure	10-20

Right-to-use leased assets and SBITA assets are depreciated/amortized using the straight line method over the term of the respective agreements.

6. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance as nonspendable if the amounts cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to remain intact. Restrictions of fund balance are for amounts that are restricted to specific purposes by an external entity (creditors, grantors, governmental regulations) or the restriction is imposed by law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation. Commitments of fund balance represent amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by the District's board. Assignments of fund balance are amounts set aside by the District's superintendent or his designee with the intent they be used for specific purposes.
7. When the District incurs an expense for which it may use either restricted or unrestricted assets, it uses the restricted assets first whenever they will have to be returned if they are not used.
8. In general governments are required to report investments at fair value. These methods are disclosed in section III.A. below.
9. In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Items reported as deferred outflows of resources are as follows:

Deferred charges for refunding	\$ 234,502
Deferred charges related to TRS retirement	\$ 238,898
Deferred charges related to TRS OPEB	\$ 660,570

10. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one type of item which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Uncollected property taxes which are assumed collectible are reported in this category on the balance sheet for governmental funds. They are not reported in this category on the government wide statement of net position. Items reported as deferred inflows of resources are as follows:

Deferred charges related to TRS retirement	\$ 50,176
Deferred charges related to TRS OPEB	\$ 794,074

11. The Data Control Codes refer to the account code structure prescribed by TEA in the ***Financial Accountability System Resource Guide***. Texas Education Agency requires school districts to display these codes in the financial statements filed with the Agency in order to insure accuracy in building a Statewide data base for policy development and funding plans.

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. BUDGETARY DATA

The Board of Trustees adopts an "appropriated budget" for the General Fund, Child Nutrition Fund (which is included in the Special Revenue Funds) and Debt Service Fund. The District is required to present the adopted and final amended budgeted revenues and expenditures for each of these funds. The District compares the final amended budget to actual revenues and expenditures. The General Fund Budget report appears in Exhibit G-1 in RSI and the other reports are in Exhibits J-2 and J-3.

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the general-purpose financial statements:

1. Prior to August 20 the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning September 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
2. A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget. At least ten days' public notice of the meeting must be given.
3. Prior to September 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Board. Once a budget is approved, it can only be amended at the function and fund level by approval of a majority of the members of the Board. Amendments are presented to the Board at its regular meetings. Each amendment must have Board approval. As required by law, such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board, and are not made after fiscal year end. Because the District has a policy of careful budgetary control, several amendments were necessary during the year. (However, none of these were significant.)
4. Each budget is controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Board. All budget appropriations lapse at year end.

B. EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

During the year, the District had the following functional categories from the Debt Service fund that exceeded its final amended budget by more than \$2,500:

Functional Category	Amount Over Budget	Explanation
72 - Interest on long-term liabilities	\$ 4,156	Originally adopted and final amended budget was less than the scheduled debt service interest expenditures for the year.

C. DEFICIT FUND EQUITY

None.

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS

A. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and Cash Equivalents

District Policies and Legal and Contractual Provisions Governing Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk for Deposits. State law requires governmental entities to contract with financial institutions in which funds will be deposited to secure those deposits with insurance or pledged securities with a fair value equaling or exceeding the amount on deposit at the end of each business day. The pledged securities must be in the name of the governmental entity and held by the entity or its agent. Since the district complies with this law, it has no custodial credit risk for deposits. The District was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

Foreign Currency Risk. The District limits the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or a deposit by having no deposits denominated in a foreign currency. Therefore, the District was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

As of August 31, 2025, the following are the District's cash and cash equivalents (including it's private purpose and student activity funds) with respective maturities and credit rating:

Type of Deposit	Fair Value	Percent	Maturity < 1 Yr	Maturity 1-10 Yrs	Maturity > 10 Yrs	Credit Rating
Money market and FDIC insured accounts	\$ 445,645	20%	\$ 445,645			N/A
Petty cash	1,000	0%	1,000			N/A
Investment pools	1,730,563	79%	1,730,563			AAA
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	<u>\$ 2,177,208</u>	<u>99%</u>	<u>\$ 2,177,208</u>			

Investments

District Policies and Legal and Contractual Provisions Governing Investments

Compliance with the Public Funds Investment Act

The ***Public Funds Investment Act***(Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports, and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires a governmental entity to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, (9) and bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit.

Statutes authorize the entity to invest in (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas and its agencies; (2) guaranteed or secured certificates of deposit issued by state and national banks domiciled in Texas; (3) obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities and other political subdivisions of any state having been rated as to investment quality not less than an "A"; (4) No load money market funds with a weighted average maturity of 90 days or less; (5) fully collateralized repurchase agreements; (6) commercial paper having a stated maturity of 270 days or less from the date of issuance and is not rated less than A-1 or P-1 by two nationally recognized credit rating agencies OR one nationally recognized credit agency and is fully secured by an irrevocable letter of credit; (7) secured corporate bonds rated not lower than "AA-" or the equivalent; (8) public funds investment pools; and (9) guaranteed investment contracts for bond proceeds investment only, with a defined termination date and secured by U.S. Government direct or agency obligations approved by the Texas public Funds Investment Act in an amount equal to the bond proceeds. The Act also requires the entity to have independent auditors perform test procedures related to investment practices as provided by the Act. The District is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies.

Additional policies and contractual provisions governing investments for the District are specified below:

Credit Risk. To limit the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations the District limits investments in commercial paper, corporate bonds or mutual bond funds to the top ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSROs). As of August 31, 2025, all investments were rated AAA. Therefore, the District was not exposed to credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk for Investments. To limit the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party the District requires counterparties to register the securities in the name of the district and hand them over to the District or its designated agent. This includes securities in securities lending transactions. All of the securities are in the District's name and held by the District or its agent. The District was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk. To limit the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer, the District limits investments to less than 5% of its total investments. The District further limits investments in a single issuer when they would cause investment risks to be significantly greater in the governmental and business-type activities, individual major funds, aggregate non-major funds and fiduciary fund types than they are in the primary government. Usually this limitation is 20%. The District was not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk. To limit the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of investments, the District requires a review of its investment portfolio at least annually to determine whether market conditions pose an inherent risk of future interest rates either rising or falling which could significantly affect investment performance. The District was not exposed to interest rate risk.

Foreign Currency Risk for Investments. The District limits the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment by not investing in any foreign currency. Therefore, the District was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

The District categorizes its fair value measurements with the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. the hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Investments that are measured at fair value using the net asset value per share (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient are not classified in the fair value hierarchy below. In instances where inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the above fair value hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. The District's assessment of the significance of particular inputs to these fair value measurements requires judgment and considers factors specific to each asset or liability.

Public Funds Investment Pools

Public funds investment pools in Texas ("Pools") are established under the authority of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code, and are subject to the provisions of the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. In addition to other provisions of the Act designed to promote liquidity and safety of principal, the Act requires Pools to: 1) have an advisory board composed of participants in the Pool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with the Pool and are qualified to advise the Pool; 2) maintain a continuous rating of no lower than AAA or AAAM or an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service; and 3) maintain the market value of its underlying investment portfolio within one half of one percent of the value of its shares.

The District's investment in Pools is reported at an amount determined by the fair value per share of the Pool's underlying portfolio, unless the Pool is 2a7-like, in which case they are reported at share value. A 2a7-like pool is one which is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company, but nevertheless has a policy that it will, and does, operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a-7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940.

At August 31, 2025, the District had the following investments (excluding cash-equivalent public funds investment pools): long-term municipal bonds totaling \$46,098 categorized as Level 1 inputs in its private purpose trust fund.

B. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property located in the District in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 31 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available (1) when they become due or past due and receivable within the current period.

C. DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE

Delinquent taxes are prorated between maintenance and debt service based on rates adopted for the year of the levy. Allowances for uncollectible tax receivables within the General Fund is based on historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

D. INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund balances as of August 31, 2025 is as follows:

Fund	Receivable	Payable	Purpose	Current?
General fund	\$ 78,573		Temporary advances	Yes
Nonmajor governmental funds	39	78,573	Temporary advances	Yes
Custodial fund		39	Temporary advances	Yes
Total	<u>\$ 78,612</u>	<u>\$ 78,612</u>		

Interfund transfers for the year ended August 31, 2025 consisted of the following individual amounts:

None.

E. DISAGGREGATION OF RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Receivables at August 31, 2025 were as follows:

	Property Taxes (net)	Other Government	Other Receivables	Total Receivables
Governmental Activities:				
General fund	\$ 17,757	\$ 486,791		\$ 504,548
Nonmajor governmental funds	5,260	109,298	3,015	117,573
Total Governmental Activities	<u>\$ 23,017</u>	<u>\$ 596,089</u>	<u>\$ 3,015</u>	<u>\$ 622,121</u>

Payables at August 31, 2025 were as follows:

	Accounts	Accrued Payroll Liabilities	Total Payables
Governmental Activities:			
General fund	\$ 38,063	\$ 147,643	\$ 185,706
Nonmajor governmental funds	8,701	29,887	38,588
Total Governmental Activities	<u>46,764</u>	<u>177,530</u>	<u>224,294</u>
Fiduciary Activities:			
Custodial fund	406		406
Total Fiduciary Activities	<u>406</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>406</u>
Total Payables	<u>\$ 47,170</u>	<u>\$ 177,530</u>	<u>\$ 224,700</u>

F. CAPITAL ASSET ACTIVITY

Capital asset activity for the year ended August 31, 2025, was as follows:

	Balance 8/31/2024	Additions	Disposals	Balance 8/31/2025
Governmental activities:				
Land and improvements	\$ 269,588			\$ 269,588
Buildings and improvements	4,772,660	98,165		4,870,825
Furniture and equipment	836,120	592,979	87,600	1,341,499
Infrastructure	2,908,718	28,976		2,937,694
Totals	<u>8,787,086</u>	<u>720,120</u>	<u>87,600</u>	<u>9,419,606</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	1,749,615	103,108		1,852,723
Furniture and equipment	572,697	68,913	78,929	562,681
Infrastructure	1,275,091	130,066		1,405,157
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>3,597,403</u>	<u>302,087</u>	<u>78,929</u>	<u>3,820,561</u>
Governmental activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 5,189,683</u>	<u>\$ 418,033</u>	<u>\$ 8,671</u>	<u>\$ 5,599,045</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:

11 - Instruction	\$ 57,138
12 - Instructional resources and media services	1,247
23 - School leadership	4,115
34 - Student (pupil) transportation	47,643
35 - Food services	11,016
36 - Extracurricular activities	140,420
41 - General administration	9,272
51 - Facilities maintenance and operations	12,170
52 - Security and monitoring services	15,136
53 - Data processing services	3,930
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	<u>\$ 302,087</u>

G. BONDS AND LONG-TERM NOTES PAYABLE

Bonded indebtedness of the District is reflected in the General Long-Term Debt Account Group. Current requirements for principal and interest expenditures are accounted for in the Debt Service Fund.

A summary of changes in general long-term debt for the year ended August 31, 2025 is as follows:

Description	Interest Rate Payable	Amounts Original Issue	Amounts Outstanding 9/1/2024	Issued	Retired/ Refunded	Amounts Outstanding 8/31/2025
Bonds and Notes Payable:						
Unlimited tax refunding bonds, series 2015 - current interest	3.00%- 4.75%	\$ 3,660,000	\$ 3,050,000		\$ 175,000	\$ 2,875,000
Maintenance tax notes, taxable series 2011	6.73%	\$ 408,000	104,000		50,000	54,000
Public property finance contract #5735	6.75%	\$ 425,000	90,000		45,000	45,000
Subtotal - Bonds and Notes Payable			3,244,000	0	270,000	2,974,000
Bond premium, all series	N/A	N/A	339,732		25,244	314,488
Total - Bonds and Notes Payable			<u>\$ 3,583,732</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 295,244</u>	<u>\$ 3,288,488</u>

Zephyr ISD Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2015 -

On December 30, 2015, the District issued \$3,660,000 in unlimited tax refunding bonds to provide the resources to refund early existing debt on unlimited tax school building bonds, series 2008 and 2009 with par value totaling \$3,725,000 plus costs of issuance. Interest rates on the new debt vary from 1.60%% to 4.75% payable semi-annually with final maturity on February 15, 2035. The bonds are subject to redemption at the option of the District in whole or in part in principal amounts of \$5,000 or any multiple thereof, on February 15, 2038 or any date thereafter, at a price equal to the principal amount thereof, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption.

Zephyr ISD Maintenance Tax Notes, Taxable Series 2011 (direct borrowing) -

The notes were issued on April 26, 2011 for the purpose of construction, rehabilitation, ore repair of public school facilities, expenditures for costs of acquisition of equipment to be used in such portion of the constructed, rehabilitated or repaired school facility or for the acquisition of land on which such facility is to be constructed. The notes were issued in accordance with Texas law. The original issue was for \$408,000, payable in annual installments with interest rates of 6.73% with final maturity on February 15, 2026. The note is a qualified school construction bond pursuant to sections 54A and 54F of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code") and the applicable Treasury Regulations promulgated thereunder.

Zephyr ISD Public Property Finance Contract #5735 (direct borrowing) -

The contract was issued on June 17, 2011 for the purpose of acquisition of equipment to be used in conjunction with the construction of new school facilities. The contract was issued in accordance with Texas law. The original issue was for \$425,000, payable in annual installments with interest rates of 6.75% with final maturity on June 15, 2026. The contract is a qualified school construction bond pursuant to sections 54A and 54F of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code") and the applicable Treasury Regulations promulgated thereunder.

H. DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS - BONDS AND LONG-TERM NOTES PAYABLE

Future debt service requirements on bonds are as follows:

Year Ended August 31,	Principal	Interest	Total Requirements
2026	\$ 284,000	\$ 87,365	\$ 371,365
2027	190,000	80,362	270,362
2028	195,000	74,588	269,588
2029	200,000	68,662	268,662
2030	210,000	62,513	272,513
2031-35	1,125,000	213,956	1,338,956
2036-38	770,000	38,025	808,025
Totals	<u>\$ 2,974,000</u>	<u>\$ 625,471</u>	<u>\$ 3,599,471</u>

I. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Plan Description. The District participates in a multiple-employer, cost sharing, defined benefit pension plan that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). It is a defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard work load and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the internet at <https://www.trs.texas.gov/learning-resources/publications>; by writing to TRS at attention Finance Division, PO Box 149676, Austin, TX, 78714-0185; or by calling 1-800-223-8778.

Benefits Provided. TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3 percent (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provision for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered under a previous rule. There are no automatic postemployment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description above. Accordingly, the 2023 Texas Legislature passed Senate Bill (SB) 10 and House Joint resolution (HJR) 2 to provide eligible retirees with a one-time-stipend and an ad hoc cost-of-living- adjustment (COLA).

One-Time Stipends - Stipends, regardless of annuity amount, were paid in September 2023 to annuitants who met the qualifying age requirement on or before August 31, 2023.

- A one-time \$7,500 stipend to eligible annuitants who are 75 years of age and older.
- A one-time \$2,400 stipend to eligible annuitants age 70 to 74

Cost-of-Living Adjustment - A cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) was dependent on Texas voters approving a constitutional amendment (Proposition 9) to authorize the COLA. Voters approved the amendment in the November 2023 election and the following COLA was applied to eligible annuitants' payments beginning with their January 2024 payment.

- 2% COLA for eligible retirees who retired between September 1, 2013 through August 31, 2020.
- 4% COLA for eligible retirees who retired between September 1, 2001 through August 31, 2013.
- 6% COLA for eligible retirees who retired on or before August 31, 2001.

Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if, as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action. Actuarial implications of the funding provided in this manner are determined by the System's actuary.

Contributions. Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to 16, Section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6 percent of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6 percent and not more than 10 percent of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the System during the fiscal year.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. The TRS Pension Reform Bill (Senate Bill 12) of the 86th Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and increased employee and employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2019 thru 2025.

The following table shows contribution rates by type of contributor for the measurement year 2024 and the contributions by type of contributions reported to TRS which were received by TRS during the current 2025 fiscal year. The reported contributions for the 2024 measurement year from the member and the employers are included in the calculation of the district's proportionate share of the net pension liability.

Contribution Rates		
	2024	2025
Member	8.25%	8.25%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	8.25%	8.25%
Employers	8.25%	8.25%

Current fiscal year District contributions	\$	65,868
Current fiscal year Member contributions	\$	134,465
Measurement year NECE contributions	\$	86,423

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State is the employer for senior colleges, medical schools and state agencies including TRS. In each respective role, the State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education and junior colleges, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers (public school, junior college, other entities, or the State of Texas as the employer for senior colleges, universities and medical schools) are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- During a new member's first 90 days of employment.
- When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources, a privately sponsored source, from non-educational and general, or local funds.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there are two additional surcharges an employer is subject to:

- All public schools, charter schools and regional education service centers must contribute 1.9% of the member's salary beginning in fiscal year 2024, gradually increasing to 2% in fiscal year 2025.
- When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.

Net Pension Liability. Components of the net pension liability of the plan as of August 31, 2024 are disclosed below: (From TRS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report 2024, p. 88.)

<u>Net Pension Liability</u>	<u>Total</u>
Total Pension Liability	\$ 271,627,434,294
Less: Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(210,543,258,495)
Net Pension Liability	<u>\$ 61,084,175,799</u>
Net Position as a percentage of Total Pension Liability	77.51%

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the August 31, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following assumptions: Actuarial Assumptions can be found in the TRS ACFR, page 88.

The actuarial methods and assumptions used in the determination of the total pension liability are the same assumptions used in the actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2023. For a full description of these assumptions, please see the TRS actuarial valuation report dated November 22, 2023.

Valuation Date	August 31, 2023 rolled forward to August 31, 2024
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	Fair Value
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Single Discount Rate	7.00%
Long-term expected Investment Rate of Return	7.00%
Municipal bond rate as of August 2024	3.87% - The source for the rate is the Bond Buyers 20 Index which represents the estimated yield of a portfolio of 20 general obligation bonds maturing in 20 years based on a survey of municipal bond traders.
Last year ending August 31 in Projection Period	2123
Inflation	2.30%
Salary Increases	2.95% to 8.95% including inflation
Ad hoc Post-Employment Benefit Changes	None

Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 7.00 percent was used to measure the total pension liability. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on plan investments of 7.00 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that contributions from active members, employers and the non-employer contributing entity will be made at the rates set by the legislature during the 2019 session. It is assumed that future employer and state contributions will be 9.54 percent of payroll in fiscal year 2025 and thereafter. This includes all employer and state contributions for active and rehired retirees.

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.00 percent. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the System's target asset allocation as of August 31, 2024 (see page 56 of the 2024 TRS ACFR) are summarized below:

Asset Class ¹	Target Allocation ² %	Long-Term Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return ³	Expected Contribution to Long-Term Portfolio Returns
Global Equity			
USA	18%	4.0%	1.0%
Non-U.S. Developed	13%	4.5%	0.8%
Emerging Markets	9%	4.8%	0.7%
Private Equity	14%	7.0%	1.2%
Stable Value			
Government Bonds	16%	2.5%	0.4%
Absolute Return (Including Credit Sensitive Investments)	0%	3.6%	0.0%
Stable Value Hedge Funds	5%	4.1%	0.2%
Real Return			
Real Estate	15%	4.9%	1.2%
Energy, Natural Resources and Infrastructure	6%	4.8%	0.4%
Commodities	0%	4.4%	0.0%
Risk Parity			
Risk Parity	8%	4.5%	0.4%
Asset Allocation Leverage			
Cash	2%	3.7%	0.0%
Asset Allocation Leverage	-6%	4.4%	-0.1%
Inflation Expectation			2.4%
Volatility Drag ⁴			-0.7%
Expected Return	100%		7.9%

¹ Absolute Return includes Credit Sensitive Investments.

² Target allocations are based on the FY2024 policy model.

³ Capital Market Assumptions (CMA) come from 2024 SAA Study CMA Survey (as of 12/31/2023).

⁴ The volatility drag results from the conversion between arithmetic and geometric mean returns.

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis. The following table presents the District's net pension liability of the plan using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, and what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (6.00%)	Discount Rate (7.00%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (8.00%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 1,209,729	\$ 757,381	\$ 382,578

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At August 31, 2025, the District reported a liability of \$757,381 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:.

District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$ 757,381
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	936,774
Total	<u>\$ 1,694,155</u>

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2023 and rolled forward to August 31, 2024 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2023 thru August 31, 2024.

At August 31, 2024 the District's proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.0012398966% which was a decrease of 0.0000676283% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2023.

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation. The actuarial assumptions and methods are the same as used in the determination of the prior year's net pension liability.

Changes in Benefits. The 2023 Texas Legislature passed Senate Bill 10 (SB10), which provided a stipend payment to certain retirees and variable ad hoc cost-of-living adjustments (COLA) to certain retirees in early fiscal year 2024. Due to its timing, the legislation and payments were not reflected in the August 31, 2023 actuarial valuation. Under the roll forward method, an adjustment was made to reflect the legislation in the rolled forward liabilities for the current measurement year, August 31, 2024. SB 10 and House Joint Resolution 2 (HJR 2) of the 88th Regular Legislative Session appropriated payments of \$1,645 billion for on-time stipends and \$3,355 billion for COLAs. This appropriation is treated as a supplemental contribution and included in other additions. Since the Legislature appropriated funds for this one-time stipend and COLA, there was no impact on the Net Pension Liability of TRS.

For the year ended August 31, 2025, the District recognized pension expense of \$216,553 and revenue of \$111,960 for support provided by the State in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities.

At August 31, 2025, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual economic experiences	\$ 41,746	\$ 5,913
Changes in actuarial assumptions	39,105	5,243
Differences between projected and actual investment earnings	4,604	
Changes in proportion and differences between the District's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	87,575	39,020
Total as of August 31, 2024 measurement date	\$ 173,030	\$ 50,176
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	65,868	
Total as of August 31, 2025 fiscal year end	<u>\$ 238,898</u>	<u>\$ 50,176</u>

The net amounts of the District's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal year ended August 31,	Amount
2026	\$ 17,707
2027	\$ 101,098
2028	\$ 24,668
2029	\$ (19,138)
2030	\$ (1,481)
Thereafter	\$ 0

J. DEFINED OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS

Plan Description. The District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing, defined benefit other post-employment (OPEB) plan that has a special funding situation. The TRS-Care program was established in 1986 by the Texas Legislature.

The TRS Board of Trustees administers the TRS-Care program and the related fund in accordance with Texas Insurance Code Chapter 1575. The Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. The Board may adopt rules, plans, procedures, and orders reasonably necessary to administer the program, including minimum benefits and financing standards.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detail information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the internet at <http://www.trs.texas.gov/learning-resources/publications>; by writing to TRS at P.O. Box 149676, Austin, TX, 78714-0185; or by calling (800) 223-8778.

Components of the net OPEB liability of the TRS-Care plan as of August 31, 2024 are as follows:

<u>Net OPEB Liability:</u>	<u>Total</u>
Total OPEB liability	\$ 35,168,178,563
Less: plan fiduciary net position	(4,816,646,311)
Net OPEB liability	<u>\$ 30,351,532,252</u>
Net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability	13.70%

Benefits Provided. TRS-Care provides health insurance coverage to retirees from public and charter schools, regional education service centers, and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension plan. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee.

Eligible non-Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in TRS-Care Standard, a high-deductible health plan. Eligible Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in the TRS-Care Medicare Advantage medical plan and the TRS-Care Medicare Rx prescription drug plan. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs.

The premium rates for retirees are presented in the following table:

TRS-Care Plan Premium Rates		
	Medicare	Non-Medicare
Retiree or surviving spouse	\$ 135	\$ 200
Retiree and spouse	529	689
Retiree or surviving spouse and children	468	408
Retiree and family	1,020	999

Contributions. Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in state statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and participating employers based on active employee compensation. The TRS Board of Trustees does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Texas Insurance Code, Section 1575.202 establishes the state's contribution rate which is 1.25% of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is 0.65% of salary. Section 1575.204 establishes a public school contribution rate of not less than 0.25% or not more than 0.75% of the salary of each active employee of the school. The actual public school contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act which is 0.75 percent of each active employee's pay for fiscal year 2024. The following table shows contributions to the TRS-Care plan by type of contributor as reported for the district by TRS for the TRS measurement year. The district and member contributions reported are included in the calculation of the district's proportionate share of the Net TRS-Care liability for the measurement period.

Contribution Rates		
	2024	2025
Active employee	0.65%	0.65%
Non-employer contributing entity (State)	1.25%	1.25%
Employers	0.75%	0.75%
Federal/private funding remitted by employers	1.25%	1.25%

Current fiscal year District contributions	\$	19,763
Current fiscal year member contributions	\$	10,594
Measurement year NECE contributions	\$	28,005

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge all TRS employers are subject to (regardless of whether or not they participate in the TRS-Care OPEB program). When hiring a TRS retiree, employers are required to pay to TRS-Care, a monthly surcharge of \$535 per retiree.

Actuarial Assumptions. The actuarial valuation was performed as of August 31, 2023. Update procedures were used to roll forward the total OPEB liability to August 31, 2024. The actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions.

The actuarial valuation of the OPEB plan offered through TRS-Care is similar to the actuarial valuation performed for the pension plan, except that the OPEB valuation is more complex. The demographic assumptions were updated based on the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2021. The following assumptions and other inputs used for members of TRS-Care are based on an established pattern of practice and are identical to the assumptions used in the August 31, 2023 TRS pension actuarial valuation that was rolled forward to August 31, 2024:

Rates of Mortality	Rates of Disability
Rates of Retirement	General Inflation
Rates of Termination	Wage Inflation

The active mortality rates were based on PUB(2010), Amount-Weighted, Below-Median Income, Teacher male and female tables (with a two-year set forward for males). The post-retirement mortality rates for healthy lives were based on the 2021 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioner Mortality Tables. The rates were projected on a fully generational basis using the ultimate improvement rates from mortality projection scale MP-2021.

Additional Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Valuation Date	August 31, 2023 rolled forward to August 31, 2024
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Inflation	2.30%
Discount Rate	3.87% as of August 31, 2024
Aging Factors	Based on the Society of Actuaries' 2013 Study "Health Care Costs - From Birth to Death".
Expenses	Third-party administrative expenses related to the delivery of health care benefits are included in the age-adjusted claims costs.
Projected Salary Increases	2.95% to 8.95%, including inflation
Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes	None

The initial medical trend rate was 6.75 percent for non-Medicare retirees. For Medicare retirees, trend rates are higher in the first two years due to anticipated growth but thereafter match those of non-Medicare retirees. The initial prescription drug trend rate was 7.25 percent for all retirees. The initial trend rates decrease to an ultimate trend rate of 4.25 percent over a period of 11 years.

Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 3.87 percent was used to measure the total OPEB liability. This was an decrease of 0.26 percent in the discount rate since the previous year. Because the investments are held in cash and there is no intentional objective to advance fund the benefits, the Single Discount Rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The source of the municipal bond rate is the Bond Buyers's "20-Bond GO index" as of August 31, 2024 using the Fixed Income Municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability:

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis. The following schedule shows the impact of the net OPEB liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (3.87%) in measuring the net OPEB liability.

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (2.87%)	Current Single Discount Rate (3.87%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (4.87%)
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$ 887,276	\$ 746,836	\$ 633,359

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates Sensitivity Analysis. The following presents the net OPEB liability of the plan using the assumed healthcare cost trend rate, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is one-percentage point lower or one-percentage point higher than the assumed healthcare cost trend rate.

	1% Decrease	Current Healthcare Cost Trend Rate	1% Increase
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$ 608,187	\$ 746,836	\$ 927,510

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs. At August 31, 2025, the District reported a liability of \$746,836 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net OPEB liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$ 746,836
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	935,776
Total	<u>\$ 1,682,612</u>

The net OPEB liability was measured as of August 31, 2023 and rolled forward to August 31, 2024 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the employer's contributions to OPEB relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2023 thru August 31, 2024.

At August 31, 2024 the District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability was 0.0024606216% which was an increase of 0.0005199311% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2023.

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation. The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability (TOL) since the prior measurement period:

1. The single discount rate changed from 4.13 percent as of August 31, 2023 to 3.87 percent as of August 31, 2024, accompanied by revised demographic and economic assumptions based on the TRS experience study.
2. The tables used to model the impact of aging on the underlying claims were revised.

Changes in Benefit Terms. There were no changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

For the year ended August 31, 2025, the District recognized OPEB expense of (\$184,268) and revenue of (\$121,634) for support provided by the State.

At August 31, 2025, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflow of Resources	Deferred Inflow of Resources
Differences between expected and actual actuarial experience	\$ 143,143	\$ 372,712
Changes in actuarial assumptions	95,586	243,684
Differences between projected and actual investment earnings		2,092
Changes in proportion and difference between the District's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	402,078	175,586
Total as of August 31, 2024 measurement date	\$ 640,807	\$ 794,074
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	19,763	
Total as of August 31, 2025 fiscal year end	<u>\$ 660,570</u>	<u>\$ 794,074</u>

The net amounts of the District's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal year ended August 31,	Amount
2026	\$ (92,057)
2027	\$ (58,232)
2028	\$ (79,510)
2029	\$ (52,084)
2030	\$ 7,454
Thereafter	\$ 121,162

K. HEALTH CARE COVERAGE - RETIREES AND ACTIVE EMPLOYEES

Retiree Health Care Coverage

Plan Description. The District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care plan administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas. TRS-Care provides health care coverage for certain persons (and their dependents) who retire under the Teacher Retirement System of Texas. The statutory authority for the program is Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575. Texas Insurance Code Section 1575.052 grants the TRS Board of Trustees the authority to establish and amend basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants. The TRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for TRS-Care. That report may be obtained by writing to the TRS Communications Department, 1000 Red River Street, Austin, Texas 78701, by phoning the TRS Communications Department at 1-800-223-8778, or by downloading the report from the TRS Internet Website, www.trs.state.tx.us under the TRS Publications heading.

Funding Policy. Contribution requirements are not actuarially determined but are legally established each biennium by the Texas Legislature. Texas Insurance Code, Sections 1575.202, 203, and 204 establish state, active employee, and public school contributions, respectively. The Contribution Rate for the State was 1.25% for 2023 thru 2025. The contribution rate for the district was 0.75% for 2023 thru 2025. The contribution rate for active employees was 0.65% of the district payroll for 2023 thru 2025. Per Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575, the public school contribution may not be less than 0.25% or greater than 0.75% of the salary of each active employee of the public school. For staff members funded by federal programs, the federal programs are required to contribution 1.25% for 2023 thru 2025.

Contributions. Contributions made by the State on behalf of the District are recorded in the governmental funds financial statements as both revenue and expenditures. State contributions to TRS made on behalf to the District's employees as well as the District's required contributions and federal grant program contributions for the years ended August 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

Contribution Rates and Contribution Amounts						
Year	Member		State		School District	
	Rate	Amount	Rate	Amount	Rate	Amount
2025	0.65%	\$ 10,594	1.25%	\$ 20,373	0.75%	\$ 12,224
2024	0.65%	\$ 9,719	1.25%	\$ 18,691	0.75%	\$ 11,215
2023	0.65%	\$ 10,915	1.25%	\$ 20,990	0.75%	\$ 12,594

Medicare Part D. The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003, which was effective January 1, 2006 established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. One of the provisions of Medicare Part D allows for the TRS-Care to receive retiree drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. On-behalf payments recognized as equal revenues and expenditures by the District for the years ended August 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023 were \$11,204, \$7,811 and \$8,836, respectively.

Active Employee Health Care Coverage

Plan Description. The District participates in TRS Active Care sponsored by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas and administered through Blue Cross Blue Shield of Texas. TRS-Active Care provides health care coverage to employees (and their dependents) of participating public education entities. Optional life and long-term care insurance are also provided to active members and retirees. Authority for the plan can be found in the Texas Insurance Code, Title 8, Subtitle H, Chapter 1579 and in the Texas Administrative Code, Title 34, Part 3, Chapter 41. The plan began operations on September 1, 2002. This is a premium-based plan. Payments are made on a monthly basis for all covered employees.

L. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Compensated absences related to state-mandated personal leave is accruable at five personal days per annum and vests with no limit or expiration until termination of employment with the District and is payable upon use by employees at their discretion. The liability for accrued compensate absences is included as part of long-term liabilities on the Statement of Net Position.

M. CHANGES IN LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term activity for the year ended August 31, 2025, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance (restated)	Additions	Retirements	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Bonds payable	\$ 3,050,000		\$ 175,000	\$ 2,875,000	\$ 185,000
Notes payable	194,000		95,000	99,000	99,000
Bond premium	339,732		25,244	314,488	0
Compensated absences	97,607	27,282		124,889	20,485
Net pension liability	898,143		140,762	757,381	0
Net OPEB liability	429,636	317,200		746,836	0
Total	\$ 5,009,118	\$ 344,482	\$ 436,006	\$ 4,917,594	\$ 304,485

N. UNAVAILABLE/UNEARNED REVENUE

Unavailable and unearned revenue at year-end consisted of the following:

Fund	Unavailable Revenue (levied but uncollected property taxes)
General fund	\$ 17,757
Nonmajor governmental fund	5,260
Total	<u>\$ 23,017</u>

O. DUE FROM STATE AND FEDERAL AGENCIES

The District participates in a variety of federal and state programs from which it receives grants to partially or fully finance certain activities. In addition, the District receives entitlements from the State through the School Foundation and Per Capita Programs. Amounts due from federal and state governments as of August 31, 2025, are summarized below. They are reported on the combined financial statements as Due from Other Governments.

	State Entitlements	Federal Grants	Total
General	\$ 476,824		\$ 476,824
Nonmajor governmental funds	77,211	28,497	105,708
Net Total Receivables	<u>\$ 554,035</u>	<u>\$ 28,497</u>	<u>\$ 582,532</u>

P. REVENUE FROM LOCAL AND INTERMEDIATE SOURCES

During the current year, revenues from local and intermediate sources consisted of the following:

Description	General Fund	Other Funds	Total
Property taxes	\$ 571,146	\$ 193,915	\$ 765,061
Penalties, interest and other tax-related income	9,606	1,887	11,493
Food sales		81,475	81,475
Investment income	86,130	13,188	99,318
Extracurricular student activities	52,493	56,764	109,257
Local grants and contributions	15,434	50	15,484
Other income	5,860		5,860
Total	<u>\$ 740,669</u>	<u>\$ 347,279</u>	<u>\$ 1,087,948</u>

Q. CONSTRUCTION AND OTHER SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The District participates in grant programs which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectibility of any related receivable may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities related to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying basic financial statements for such contingencies.

R. JOINT VENTURE SHARED SERVICE ARRANGEMENTS

The District participates in contracted shared services arrangement for Special Education services with Comanche Special Education Cooperative. The District does not account for revenues or expenditures in this program and does not disclose them in these financial statements. The District neither has a joint ownership interest in fixed assets purchased by the fiscal agent nor does the district have a net equity interest in the fiscal agent. The fiscal agent is neither accumulating significant financial resources nor fiscal exigencies that would give rise to a future additional benefit or burden to the District. The fiscal agent manager is responsible for all financial activities of the shared services arrangement.

The District also participates in various shared service arrangements with the Education Service Center Region 15. The District does not account for revenues or expenditures in this program and does not disclose them in these financial statements. The Education Service Center Region 15 is the fiscal agent manager and is responsible for all financial activities of the shared service arrangement.

S. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage or destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. During the fiscal year 2025, the District purchased commercial insurance to cover general liabilities. Additional insurance information by coverage type follows.

Property Casualty Program

The District participated in the Texas Association of School Boards Risk Management Fund (the “Fund”) with coverage in auto liability, auto physical damage, general liability, property and legal liability. The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. All members participating in the Fund execute Interlocal Agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties. There were no significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year and there were not settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three years.

The Fund purchases stop-loss coverage for protection against catastrophic and larger than anticipated claims for its auto, liability and property programs. The terms and limits of the stop-loss program vary by line coverage. The Fund uses the services of an independent actuary to determine the adequacy of reserves and fully funds those reserves. For the year ended August 31, 2025, the Fund anticipates the District has not additional liability beyond the contractual obligations for payment of contributions.

Workers’ Compensation

The District participates in a partially self-funded workers’ compensation plan by participating in the Claims Administrative Services, Inc. self-insured workers’ compensation program administered by Texas Educational Insurance Association (the “Association”). The Association is a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for member school districts. The main purpose of the Association is to partially self-insure certain workers compensation risks up to a agreed upon retention limit. The plan for workers’ compensation benefits is authorized by Section 504.011 of the Labor Code. Claims are paid by a third party administrator acting on behalf of the District under the terms of a contractual agreement. Administrative fees are included within the provisions of that agreement. The liability of the workers’ compensation self-insurance plan includes \$7,389 in unpaid claims and additional estimated incurred but not reported claims of \$3,811. Costs are allocated to other funds and the retained earnings are fully reserved for self-funded insurance. Estimates of unpaid claims payable at August 31, 2025, are reflected as accounts and claims payable of the Fund (if material). The plan is funded to discharge liabilities of the fund as they become due.

Unemployment Compensation

During the year ended August 31, 2025, the District provided unemployment compensation coverage to its employees through participation in the TASB Risk Management Fund (the “Fund”). The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. The Fund’s unemployment compensation program is authorized by Section 22.005 of the Texas Education Code and Chapter 172 of the Texas Local Government Code. All members participating in the Fund execute interlocal agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties.

The Fund meets its quarterly obligation to the Texas Workforce Commission. Expenses are accrued monthly until the quarterly payment has been made. Expenses can be reasonably estimated; therefore, there is no need for specific or aggregate stop-loss coverage for the unemployment compensation pool. For the year ended August 31, 2025, the Fund anticipates that the District has no additional liability beyond the contractual obligation for payment of contribution.

The Fund engages the services of an independent auditor to conduct a financial audit after the close of each year on August 31. The audit is accepted by the Fund’s board of trustees in February of the following year. The Fund’s audited financial statements as of August 31, 2025, are available on the TASB Risk Management Fund website and have been filed with the Texas Department of Insurance in Austin.

T. GENERAL FUND FEDERAL SOURCE REVENUES

Revenues from federal sources, which are reported in the General Fund, consist of:

Program or Service	Federal Assistance Listing #	Amount
School health and related services (SHARS)	N/A	\$ 5,764
Clean school bus program	66.045	296,012
Total		<u><u>\$ 301,776</u></u>

U. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through November 20, 2025; the date which the financial statements were available for distribution. There were no subsequent events noted that would have a material effect on the financial statements.

V. ACCOUNTING CHANGES AND ERROR CORRECTIONS

In accordance with GASB Statement 100 related to *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections*, the following was necessary to comply with accounting changes implemented during the current fiscal year:

Description	Beginning Net Position Adjustment
Change in accounting principle related to implementation of GASB 101 accounting pronouncement for accrued compensated absences payable as presented on Exhibit B-1.	\$ (97,607)
Total net change	(97,607)
Net position/fund balance - before restatement	2,673,820
Net position/fund balance - after restatement	<u><u>\$ 2,576,213</u></u>

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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ZEPHYR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2025

Data Control Codes		Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)	Variance With Final Budget Positive or (Negative)
		Original	Final		
REVENUES:					
5700	Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 773,415	\$ 773,415	\$ 740,669	\$ (32,746)
5800	State Program Revenues	2,376,142	2,376,142	2,540,139	163,997
5900	Federal Program Revenues	30,000	362,367	301,776	(60,591)
5020	Total Revenues	3,179,557	3,511,924	3,582,584	70,660
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
0011	Instruction	1,624,374	1,624,374	1,611,666	12,708
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services	6,689	12,689	10,978	1,711
0013	Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development	2,400	6,400	4,358	2,042
0023	School Leadership	124,733	124,733	122,679	2,054
0031	Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services	3,500	3,500	677	2,823
0033	Health Services	3,500	3,500	1,238	2,262
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation	148,777	517,144	478,806	38,338
0035	Food Services	22,600	22,600	19,565	3,035
0036	Extracurricular Activities	202,770	214,770	212,706	2,064
0041	General Administration	299,838	299,838	284,631	15,207
0051	Facilities Maintenance and Operations	385,926	409,926	409,878	48
0052	Security and Monitoring Services	19,055	29,055	24,001	5,054
0053	Data Processing Services	101,321	113,321	106,927	6,394
Debt Service:					
0071	Principal on Long-Term Liabilities	95,000	95,000	95,000	-
0072	Interest on Long-Term Liabilities	13,074	13,074	1,809	11,265
0073	Bond Issuance Cost and Fees	1,000	1,000	20	980
Capital Outlay:					
0081	Facilities Acquisition and Construction	50,000	95,000	90,866	4,134
Intergovernmental:					
0093	Payments to Fiscal Agent/Member Districts of SSA	50,000	50,000	36,790	13,210
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges	25,000	25,000	16,989	8,011
6030	Total Expenditures	3,179,557	3,660,924	3,529,584	131,340
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	-	(149,000)	53,000	202,000
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
7912	Sale of Real and Personal Property	-	-	72,837	72,837
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances	-	(149,000)	125,837	274,837
0100	Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)	1,935,314	1,935,314	1,935,314	-
3000	Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$ 1,935,314	\$ 1,786,314	\$ 2,061,151	\$ 274,837

ZEPHYR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY
TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2025

	Measurement Year Ended August 31,									
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	0.0012398966%	0.0013075249%	0.0011862253%	0.0009355563%	0.0009439104%	0.0010063653%	0.0011440752%	0.0011656743%	0.0010900296%	0.0009679000%
District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 757,381	\$ 898,143	\$ 704,231	\$ 238,256	\$ 505,539	\$ 523,141	\$ 629,727	\$ 372,720	\$ 411,906	\$ 342,140
States Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) associated with the District	936,774	1,217,604	1,223,409	524,513	1,100,325	935,040	1,112,338	721,151	792,931	742,726
Total	\$ 1,694,155	\$ 2,115,747	\$ 1,927,640	\$ 762,769	\$ 1,605,864	\$ 1,458,181	\$ 1,742,065	\$ 1,093,871	\$ 1,204,837	\$ 1,084,866
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 1,495,301	\$ 1,679,236	\$ 1,647,787	\$ 1,425,733	\$ 1,397,741	\$ 1,164,990	\$ 1,258,355	\$ 1,279,627	\$ 1,163,655	\$ 1,111,801
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a percentage of its Covered Payroll	50.65%	53.49%	42.74%	16.71%	36.17%	44.91%	50.04%	29.13%	35.40%	30.77%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a % of Total Pension Liability	77.51%	73.15%	75.62%	88.79%	75.54%	75.24%	73.74%	82.17%	78.00%	78.43%

ZEPHYR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS FOR PENSIONS
TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2025

	Fiscal Year Ended August 31,									
	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 65,868	\$ 59,640	\$ 67,210	\$ 55,353	\$ 39,351	\$ 38,946	\$ 34,780	\$ 38,194	\$ 36,487	\$ 36,913
Contribution in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution	(65,868)	(59,640)	(67,210)	(55,353)	(39,351)	(38,946)	(34,780)	(38,194)	(36,487)	(36,913)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 1,629,877	\$ 1,495,301	\$ 1,679,236	\$ 1,647,787	\$ 1,425,733	\$ 1,397,741	\$ 1,164,990	\$ 1,258,355	\$ 1,279,627	\$ 1,163,655
Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll	4.04%	3.99%	4.00%	3.36%	2.76%	2.79%	2.99%	3.04%	2.85%	3.17%

ZEPHYR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY
TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2025

	Measurement Year Ended August 31,							
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	0.0024606216%	0.0019406905%	0.0018954373%	0.0015813583%	0.0015836702%	0.0020596762%	0.0022509011%	0.0020865506%
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ 746,836	\$ 429,636	\$ 453,844	\$ 610,001	\$ 602,025	\$ 974,047	\$ 1,123,896	\$ 907,363
State's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) associated with the District	935,776	518,422	553,618	817,265	808,977	1,294,289	1,048,250	1,000,099
Total	\$ 1,682,612	\$ 948,058	\$ 1,007,462	\$ 1,427,266	\$ 1,411,002	\$ 2,268,336	\$ 2,172,146	\$ 1,907,462
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 1,495,301	\$ 1,679,236	\$ 1,647,787	\$ 1,425,733	\$ 1,397,741	\$ 1,164,990	\$ 1,258,355	\$ 1,279,627
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a percentage of its Covered Payroll	49.95%	25.59%	27.54%	42.79%	43.07%	83.61%	89.31%	70.91%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a % of Total OPEB Liability	13.70%	14.94%	11.52%	6.18%	4.99%	2.66%	1.57%	0.91%

Note: Only eight years of data is presented in accordance with GASB #75, paragraph 245. "The information for all fiscal years for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

ZEPHYR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS
TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2025

	Fiscal Year Ended August 31,							
	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 19,763	\$ 32,334	\$ 16,835	\$ 15,568	\$ 11,819	\$ 12,037	\$ 14,536	\$ 16,063
Contribution in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution	(19,763)	(32,334)	(16,835)	(15,568)	(11,819)	(12,037)	(14,536)	(16,063)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 1,629,877	\$ 1,495,301	\$ 1,679,236	\$ 1,647,787	\$ 1,425,733	\$ 1,397,741	\$ 1,164,990	\$ 1,258,355
Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll	1.21%	2.16%	1.00%	0.94%	0.83%	0.86%	1.25%	1.28%

Note: Only eight years of data is presented in accordance with GASB #75, paragraph 245. "The information for all fiscal years for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

ZEPHYR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2025

Budget

The official budget was prepared for adoption for all Governmental Fund Types. The budget was prepared in accordance with accounting practices generally accepted in the United States of America. The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data.:

- a. Prior to August 20 of the preceding fiscal year, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- b. A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget after ten days' public notice of the meeting has been given.
- c. Prior to the beginning of the fiscal year, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Board.

Once a budget is approved, it can be amended at function and fund level only by approval of a majority of the members of the Board. Amendments are presented to the Board at its regular meetings.

Each amendment must have Board approval. Such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board and are not made after fiscal year end as required by law.

Each amendment is controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level.

Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Board. All budget appropriations lapse at year end.

Encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders or contracts. Under Texas law, appropriations lapse at August 31, and encumbrances outstanding at that time are to be either cancelled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget. There were no end-of-year outstanding encumbrances that were provided for in the subsequent year's budget.

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Changes of benefit terms.

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

Changes of assumptions.

There were no changes of assumptions that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

Other Post-Employment Benefit Plan

Changes of benefit terms.

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability during the measurement period.

Changes of assumptions.

See Footnote J page 37 for changes in assumptions that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability during the measurement period.

COMBINING SCHEDULES

ZEPHYR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
AUGUST 31, 2025

Data Control Codes		211 ESEA I, A Improving Basic Program	240 National Breakfast and Lunch Program	255 ESEA II,A Training and Recruiting	270 ESEA V, B,2 Rural & Low Income
ASSETS					
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ -	\$ 76,164	\$ -	\$ -
1220	Property Taxes - Delinquent	-	-	-	-
1230	Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes	-	-	-	-
1240	Due from Other Governments	15,296	8,235	1,149	2,261
1260	Due from Other Funds	-	-	-	-
1290	Other Receivables	-	3,015	-	-
1000	Total Assets	<u>\$ 15,296</u>	<u>\$ 87,414</u>	<u>\$ 1,149</u>	<u>\$ 2,261</u>
LIABILITIES					
2110	Accounts Payable	\$ -	\$ 8,701	\$ -	\$ -
2160	Accrued Wages Payable	9,072	9,846	564	2,178
2170	Due to Other Funds	5,385	-	520	-
2200	Accrued Expenditures	839	1,141	65	83
2000	Total Liabilities	<u>15,296</u>	<u>19,688</u>	<u>1,149</u>	<u>2,261</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
2601	Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	-	-	-	-
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCES					
Restricted Fund Balance:					
3450	Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction	-	67,726	-	-
3480	Retirement of Long-Term Debt	-	-	-	-
Assigned Fund Balance:					
3590	Other Assigned Fund Balance	-	-	-	-
3000	Total Fund Balances	<u>-</u>	<u>67,726</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
4000	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances	<u>\$ 15,296</u>	<u>\$ 87,414</u>	<u>\$ 1,149</u>	<u>\$ 2,261</u>

289 Other Federal Special Revenue Funds	410 State Instructional Materials	429 Other State Special Revenue Funds	461 Campus Activity Funds	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	599 Debt Service Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 19,053	\$ 95,217	\$ 255,573	\$ 350,790
-	-	-	-	-	8,560	8,560
-	-	-	-	-	(3,300)	(3,300)
1,556	-	77,211	-	105,708	3,590	109,298
-	-	-	39	39	-	39
-	-	-	-	3,015	-	3,015
<u>\$ 1,556</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 77,211</u>	<u>\$ 19,092</u>	<u>\$ 203,979</u>	<u>\$ 264,423</u>	<u>\$ 468,402</u>
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,701	\$ -	\$ 8,701
764	-	5,142	-	27,566	-	27,566
704	-	71,964	-	78,573	-	78,573
88	-	105	-	2,321	-	2,321
<u>1,556</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>77,211</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>117,161</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>117,161</u>
-	-	-	-	-	5,260	5,260
-	-	-	-	-	5,260	5,260
-	-	-	-	67,726	-	67,726
-	-	-	-	-	259,163	259,163
-	-	-	19,092	19,092	-	19,092
-	-	-	19,092	86,818	259,163	345,981
<u>\$ 1,556</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 77,211</u>	<u>\$ 19,092</u>	<u>\$ 203,979</u>	<u>\$ 264,423</u>	<u>\$ 468,402</u>

ZEPHYR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN
FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2025

Data Control Codes		211 ESEA I, A Improving Basic Program	240 National Breakfast and Lunch Program	255 ESEA II,A Training and Recruiting	270 ESEA V, B,2 Rural & Low Income
REVENUES:					
5700	Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ -	\$ 81,475	\$ -	\$ -
5800	State Program Revenues	-	698	-	-
5900	Federal Program Revenues	69,283	157,543	7,710	20,174
5020	Total Revenues	69,283	239,716	7,710	20,174
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
0011	Instruction	41,968	-	7,710	16,526
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services	27,315	-	-	-
0023	School Leadership	-	-	-	3,648
0035	Food Services	-	212,659	-	-
0036	Extracurricular Activities	-	-	-	-
0052	Security and Monitoring Services	-	-	-	-
Debt Service:					
0071	Principal on Long-Term Liabilities	-	-	-	-
0072	Interest on Long-Term Liabilities	-	-	-	-
0073	Bond Issuance Cost and Fees	-	-	-	-
6030	Total Expenditures	69,283	212,659	7,710	20,174
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	-	27,057	-	-
0100	Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)	-	40,669	-	-
3000	Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$ -	\$ 67,726	\$ -	\$ -

289 Other Federal Special Revenue Funds	410 State Instructional Materials	429 Other State Special Revenue Funds	461 Campus Activity Funds	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	599 Debt Service Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 56,814	\$ 138,289	\$ 208,990	\$ 347,279
-	5,373	155,881	-	161,952	96,085	258,037
9,882	-	-	-	264,592	-	264,592
9,882	5,373	155,881	56,814	564,833	305,075	869,908
9,882	5,373	5,246	-	86,705	-	86,705
-	-	-	-	27,315	-	27,315
-	-	-	-	3,648	-	3,648
-	-	-	-	212,659	-	212,659
-	-	-	56,846	56,846	-	56,846
-	-	150,635	-	150,635	-	150,635
-	-	-	-	-	175,000	175,000
-	-	-	-	-	92,919	92,919
-	-	-	-	-	40	40
9,882	5,373	155,881	56,846	537,808	267,959	805,767
-	-	-	(32)	27,025	37,116	64,141
-	-	-	19,124	59,793	222,047	281,840
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 19,092	\$ 86,818	\$ 259,163	\$ 345,981

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REQUIRED TEA SCHEDULES

ZEPHYR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2025

Last 10 Years Ended August 31	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Tax Rates		Assessed/Appraised Value for School Tax Purposes
	Maintenance	Debt Service	
2016 and prior years	Various	Various	\$ Various
2017	1.040000	0.279600	48,344,921
2018	1.040000	0.279600	48,115,614
2019	1.040000	0.275100	53,058,103
2020	0.970000	0.245000	58,581,379
2021	0.923900	0.225000	63,653,885
2022	0.872000	0.225000	72,448,775
2023	0.854600	0.200000	82,698,853
2024	0.694600	0.236510	79,001,645
2025 (School year under audit)	0.694600	0.236500	82,386,857
1000 TOTALS			
8000 Total Taxes Refunded Under Section 26.1115, Tax Code			

(10) Beginning Balance 9/1/2024	(20) Current Year's Total Levy	(31) Maintenance Collections	(32) Debt Service Collections	(40) Entire Year's Adjustments	(50) Ending Balance 8/31/2025	(99) Taxes Refunded Under Section 26.1115c
\$ 3,137	\$	\$ -	\$	\$ (509)	\$ 2,628	
1,486		-			1,486	
1,561		-			1,561	
8,538		43	11		8,484	
6,003		199	50		5,754	
2,483		444	108	(58)	1,873	
2,579		590	152	(56)	1,781	
8,004		4,118	964	(780)	2,142	
11,206		2,347	800	(5,383)	2,676	
	767,104	563,405	191,830	(1,470)	10,399	
<u>\$ 44,997</u>	<u>\$ 767,104</u>	<u>\$ 571,146</u>	<u>\$ 193,915</u>	<u>\$ (8,256)</u>	<u>\$ 38,784</u>	

\$ 856

ZEPHYR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CHILD NUTRITION PROGRAM
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2025

Data Control Codes	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)	Variance With Final Budget Positive or (Negative)
	Original	Final		
REVENUES:				
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 60,000	\$ 60,000	\$ 81,475	\$ 21,475
5800 State Program Revenues	1,000	1,000	698	(302)
5900 Federal Program Revenues	136,000	136,000	157,543	21,543
5020 Total Revenues	197,000	197,000	239,716	42,716
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
0035 Food Services	213,740	213,740	212,659	1,081
6030 Total Expenditures	213,740	213,740	212,659	1,081
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(16,740)	(16,740)	27,057	43,797
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
7915 Transfers In	16,740	16,740	-	(16,740)
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances	-	-	27,057	27,057
0100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)	40,669	40,669	40,669	-
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$ 40,669	\$ 40,669	\$ 67,726	\$ 27,057

ZEPHYR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2025

Data Control Codes	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)	Variance With Final Budget Positive or (Negative)
	Original	Final		
REVENUES:				
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 175,105	\$ 175,104	\$ 208,990	\$ 33,886
5800 State Program Revenues	89,158	89,158	96,085	6,927
5020 Total Revenues	264,263	264,262	305,075	40,813
EXPENDITURES:				
Debt Service:				
0071 Principal on Long-Term Liabilities	175,000	175,000	175,000	-
0072 Interest on Long-Term Liabilities	88,763	88,762	92,919	(4,157)
0073 Bond Issuance Cost and Fees	500	500	40	460
6030 Total Expenditures	264,263	264,262	267,959	(3,697)
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances	-	-	37,116	37,116
0100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)	222,047	222,047	222,047	-
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$ 222,047	\$ 222,047	\$ 259,163	\$ 37,116

ZEPHYR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
 USE OF FUNDS REPORT - SELECT STATE ALLOTMENT PROGRAMS
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2025

Section A: Compensatory Education Programs

AP1	Did your district expend any state compensatory education program state allotment funds during the district's fiscal year?	Yes
AP2	Does the district have written policies and procedures for its state compensatory education program?	Yes
AP3	Total state allotment funds received for state compensatory education programs during the district's fiscal year.	172403
AP4	Actual direct program expenditures for state compensatory education programs during the district's fiscal year. (PICs 24,26,28,29,30)	155096

Section B: Bilingual Education Programs

AP5	Did your district expend any bilingual education program state allotment funds during the district's fiscal year?	No
AP6	Does the district have written policies and procedures for its bilingual education program?	No
AP7	Total state allotment funds received for bilingual education programs during the district's fiscal year.	0
AP8	Actual direct program expenditures for bilingual education programs during the district's fiscal year. (PIC 25)	0

OVERALL COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROLS SECTION

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**REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING
AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH
GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**

Board of Trustees
Zephyr Independent School District
11625 CR 281
Zephyr, Texas 76890

I have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Zephyr Independent School District (the "District") as of and for the year ended August 31, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued my report thereon dated November 20, 2025.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

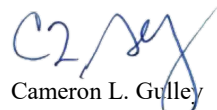
My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during my audit I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit and, accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed one instance of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards listed as item 2025-1 on the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.



Cameron L. Gulley
Certified Public Accountant
Eastland, Texas

November 20, 2025

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ZEPHYR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2025

Finding	Statement of Condition	Material Weakness?	Questioned Costs
	None.		

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ZEPHYR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2025

I. Summary of Auditor's Results

A. Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified.
Internal control over financial reporting:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	No.
Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	None reported.
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	No.

B. Federal Awards

Not applicable.

II. Findings Relating to the Financial Statements which are Required to be Reported in Accordance with Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards

2025-1 State Compliance - Excess Expenditures Over Appropriations

Criteria In accordance with Texas Education Code §44.006, expenditures from governmental fund types cannot be made without authority of appropriation.

Statement of Condition The District failed to identify functional categories in the Debt Service fund when expenditures exceeded the final amended budget. Following are the net variances for each of the affected functional categories which exceeded the budget by more than \$2,500:

Functional Category	Final Amended Budget	Actual Expenditure	Budget Variance
Function 72 - Interest on long-term liabilities	\$ 88,763	\$ 92,919	\$ (4,156)

Questioned Costs None.

Cause and Effect Scheduled debt service interest payments on the District's outstanding bond were more than both the originally adopted and final amended budgets due to an incorrect budgetary adoption amount.

Recommendations The District should review its business services procedures and analyses of account transactions and balances. Budget amendments should be considered and proposed to the board of trustees whenever it is projected that actual expenditures will be more than currently budgeted before the actual expenditure of funds.

III. Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards

N/A.

Zephyr Independent School District

Stanton Marwitz, Superintendent
Caleb Walls, Principal
11625 CR 281 Zephyr, Texas 76890
Phone: (325) 739-5331 Fax: (325) 739-2126

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN

2025-1 The District will make budget amendments (as necessary) where expenditures are projected to exceed the originally adopted budgets. We will also ensure that the correct principal and interest scheduled annual payment amounts agree with the adopted budget.

Contact representative: Stanton Marwitz, superintendent
 11625 CR 281
 Zephyr, Texas 76890
 (325) 739-5331

Expected implementation date: Immediately