ZEPHYR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND COMPLIANCE REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022



ZEPHYR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND COMPLIANCE REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

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CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

Zephyr Independent School District Name of School District		Brown County	
, <u>,</u>		•	ol district were reviewed andapproved
disapproved for the year ended		t a meeting of the board of scho	ool trustees of such school district on the
Signature of Board Secretary	 -	Signature of Board President	
If the auditor's reports were checked	above as disapprove	ed, the reason(s) therefore is/are	(attach list if necessary):



P. O. Box 163 Eastland, Texas 76448 (325)669-9795 cgulley@txol.net

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Trustees Zephyr Independent School District 11625 CR 281 Zephyr, Texas 76890

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information for Zephyr Independent School District (the "District") as of and for the year ended August 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of August 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with account principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Financial Statements section of my report. I am required to be independent of the District and to meet my other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements related to my audit. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinion.

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note I.E.3. to the financial statements, the District adopted new accounting pronouncement, GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases* during the year. My opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibility of Management for the Financial Statements

The District's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement due date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit with conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, I:

Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in my judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

I am required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that I identify during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedure to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

My audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining statements and the required TEA schedules listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the combining statements and the required TEA schedules listed in the table of contents are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, I have also issued my report dated December 20, 2022, on my consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Cameron L. Gulley
Certified Public Accountant
Eastland, Texas

December 20, 2022

Zephyr Independent School District

Stanton Marwitz, Superintendent Kelsa Blair, Principal 11625 CR 281 Zephyr, Texas 76890 Phone: (325) 739-5331 Fax: (325) 739-2126

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

In this section of the Annual Financial and Compliance Report, we, the managers of Zephyr Independent School District, discuss and analyze the District's financial performance for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the independent auditor's report on page 2 and the District's Basic Financial Statements which begin on page 10.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (on pages 10 - 11). These provide information about the activities of the District as a whole and present a longer-term view of the District's property and debt obligations and other financial matters. They reflect the flow of total economic resources in a manner similar to the financial reports of a business enterprise.

Fund financial statements (starting on page 12) report the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the District's most significant funds. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short term as well as what resources remain for future spending. They reflect the flow of current financial resources and supply the basis for tax levies and the appropriations budget. For proprietary activities, fund financial statements tell how goods or services of the District were sold to departments within the District or to external customers and how the sales revenues covered the expenses of the goods or services. The remaining statements, fiduciary statements, provide financial information about activities for which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the District.

The notes to the financial statements (starting on page 21) provide narrative explanations or additional data needed for full disclosure in the government-wide statements or the fund financial statements.

The combining statements for nonmajor funds contain even more information about the District's individual funds. These are not required by TEA. The sections labeled TEA Required Schedules and Federal Awards Section contain data used by monitoring or regulatory agencies for assurance that the District is using funds supplied in compliance with the terms of grants.

Reporting the District as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The analysis of the District's overall financial condition and operations begins on page 5. Its primary purpose is to show whether the District is better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities. The Statement of Net Position includes all the District's assets and liabilities at the end of the year while the Statement of Activities includes all the revenues and expenses generated by the District's operations during the year. These apply the accrual basis of accounting which is the basis used by private sector companies.

All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. The District's revenues are divided into those provided by outside parties who share the costs of some programs, such as grants provided by the U.S. Department of Education to assist children with disabilities or from disadvantaged backgrounds (program revenues), and revenues provided by the taxpayers or by TEA in equalization funding processes (general revenues). All the District's assets are reported whether they serve the current year or future years. Liabilities are considered regardless of whether they must be paid in the current or future years.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in them. The District's net position (the difference between assets and liabilities) provide one measure of the District's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. To fully assess the overall health of the District, however, you should consider nonfinancial factors as well, such as changes in the District's average daily attendance or its property tax base and the condition of the District's facilities.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we divide the District into one activity:

Governmental activities - All of the District's basic services are reported here, including the instruction, counseling, cocurricular activities, transportation, maintenance, community services, and general administration. Property taxes, tuition, fees, and state and federal grants finance most of these services.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements begin on page 12 and provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the District as a whole. Laws and contracts require the District to establish some funds, such as grants received under the No Child Left Behind Act from the U.S. Department of Education. The District's administration establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes (like campus activities). The District's fund type - governmental - use the following accounting approaches.

Governmental funds - All of the District's basic services are reported in governmental funds. These use the modified accrual accounting (a method that measures the receipt and disbursement of cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash) and report balances that are available for future spending. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general operations and the basic services it provides. We describe the differences between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in reconciliation schedules following each of the fund financial statements.

The District as Trustee

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for money raised by student activities. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Position and Changes in Fiduciary Net Position on pages 19 and 20. We exclude these resources from the District's other financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The District is only responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The following analyses of comparative balances and changes therein is inclusive of the current year's and prior year's operations. Our analysis focuses on the net position (Table I) and changes in net position (Table II) of the District's governmental and business-type activities.

Total net position of the District's governmental activities increased from \$993,723 to \$1,543,152. Unrestricted net position - the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements - increased from (\$5299,575) to (\$180,569). Current and other assets increased by \$136 thousand due to increases in cash and receivables. Capital assets increased by \$166 thousand due to asset additions in excess of depreciation expense. Long-term liabilities decreased by \$528 thousand due to the effects of net pension (NPL) and other post-employment benefit (OPEB) liabilities plus principal retired on outstanding debt. Other liabilities increased by \$29 thousand due to ending accrued payroll liabilities. Deferred resource outflows related to NPL and OPEB liabilities decreased by \$59 thousand and deferred resource inflows related to NPL and OPEB liabilities increased by \$193 thousand.

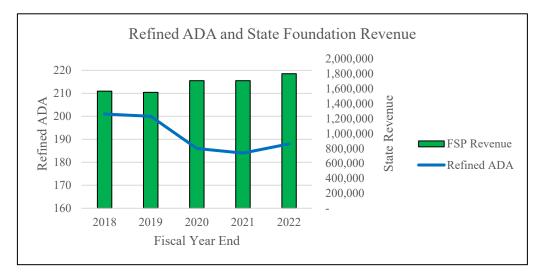
Total revenues increased by \$321 thousand for the year. Operating grants and contributions increased by \$231 thousand due to federal and state grant revenues (primarily Elementary and Secondary Schools Emergency Relief and state energy efficiency grants). Property tax revenues increased by \$48 thousand due to valuation increases. State aid-formula grants increased by \$79 thousand due to increased foundation school program allocations.

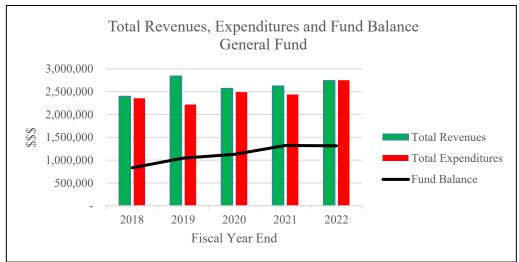
Total expenses increased by \$70 thousand. However, excluding the effects of NPL and OPEB on-behalf expense accruals, total expenses actually increased by \$330 thousand for the year. Functional category variances were due to the following: total payroll costs increased by \$248 thousand; professional and contracted services increased by \$13 thousand; supplies increased by \$23 thousand; other operating expenses increased by \$38 thousand and depreciation expense increased by \$8 thousand.

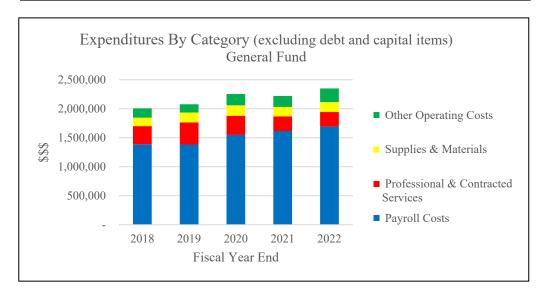
	Table I Net Position		
	Governmental Activities 2022	Governmental Activities 2021	Variance Increase/ (Decrease)
Current and other assets	\$ 1,879,318	\$ 1,743,494	\$ 135,824
Capital assets	5,337,945	5,171,793	166,152
Deferred resource outflows for TRS	611,409	670,015	(58,606)
Total assets and deferred resource outflows	7,828,672	7,585,302	243,370
Long-term liabilities	4,990,477	5,518,428	(527,951)
Other liabilities	175,978	146,658	29,320
Deferred resource inflows for TRS	1,119,065	926,493	192,572
Total liabilities and deferred resource inflows	6,285,520	6,591,579	(306,059)
Net position:			
Net investment in capital assets	1,479,072	1,063,632	415,440
Restricted for federal and state programs	30,266	3,710	26,556
Restricted for debt service	214,383	225,956	(11,573)
Unrestricted	(180,569)	(299,575)	119,006
Total net position	\$ 1,543,152	\$ 993,723	\$ 549,429

	Table II in Net Position		
	Governmental Activities 2022	Governmental Activities 2021	Variance Favorable/ (Unfavorable)
Revenues:			
Program Revenues:			
Charges for services	\$ 87,896	\$ 98,563	\$ (10,667)
Operating grants and contributions	706,829	475,861	230,968
General Revenues:			
Property taxes	800,080	751,845	48,235
State aid - formula grants	1,998,414	1,919,563	78,851
Other	28,029	54,306	(26,277)
Total Revenues	3,621,248	3,300,138	321,110
Expenses:			
Instruction, curriculum and media services	1,425,894	1,425,707	(187)
Instructional and school leadership	158,098	136,001	(22,097)
Student support services	104,031	110,665	6,634
Child nutrition	178,296	165,246	(13,050)
Extracurricular activities	329,961	315,154	(14,807)
General administration	242,955	213,083	(29,872)
Plant maintenance, security & data processing	407,151	423,888	16,737
Debt service	116,622	119,748	3,126
Payments related to shared service arrangements	87,310	74,157	(13,153)
Other intergovernmental charges	21,501	18,289	(3,212)
Total Expenses	3,071,819	3,001,938	(69,881)
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	549,429	298,200	251,229
Net Position - beginning of year	993,723	634,068	359,655
Prior period adjustment	0	61,455	(61,455)
Net Position - end of year	\$ 1,543,152	\$ 993,723	\$ 549,429

The following charts depict trend information for the past five years.







THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As the District completed the year, its governmental funds (as presented in the balance sheet on page 12) reported a combined fund balance of \$1,578,970, an increase of \$19,004 in the District's Governmental Funds from last year's fund balance of \$1,559,966. The primary reasons for the net increase are similar to the narrative related to the tables above. The major exceptions are depreciation expense which is not charged to the governmental funds and the net effect relative to GASB 68 and 75 whose impacts are only at the government-wide level financial statements. The specific variances in the changes in fund balance versus the change in net position are detailed out on Exhibit C-4 on the accompanying general purpose financial statements.

The Board of Trustees revised the District's budget three times during the year. The most significant amendments were to facilities maintenance and operations and facilities acquisition and construction for facilities improvements not originally budgeted.

The District's General Fund balance of \$1,313,372 reported on pages 14 and 43 differs from the General Fund's budgetary fund balance of \$1,002,867 reported in the budgetary comparison schedule on page 43 due to local and state revenues being more than budgeted and expenditures being less than budgeted across all functional categories.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2022, the District had \$8,418,199 invested in a broad range of capital assets including facilities and equipment for instruction, transportation, athletics, administration, and maintenance. Following were asset additions for the year.

Asset additions:

LED lighting upgrades	\$ 100,494
HVAC system improvements	57,386
Tennis courts	236,352
Other campus improvements	47,391
Total asset additions	\$ 441,623

Debt

The District has three outstanding debt instruments issued to finance the construction of educational facilities and equipment. Interest rates payable vary 1.60% to 6.75%. Final maturity on the bonds will be in fiscal year 2032.

Following is a summary of outstanding debt for the past two years:

	2022	2021
Bonds payable	\$ 3,380,000	\$ 3,394,210
Notes payable	372,000	457,000
Total	\$ 3,752,000	\$ 3,851,210

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The District should continue to maintain its financial health. A budget adopted for 2022-23 reflected tax rates at \$0.8546 for maintenance and operations and \$0.20 for debt service. General fund revenues and expenditures were budgeted at approximately \$2.72 million for a projected break-even budget. Therefore, the District expects that its general fund balance will be approximately \$1.31 million at August 31, 2023.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the District's business office at: Zephyr Independent School District, 11625 CR 281, Zephyr, Texas 76890.



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



ZEPHYR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2022

Data		Primary Government
Control		Governmental
Codes		Activities
ASSET	S	
	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,595,902
	Property Taxes - Delinquent	39,138
	Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes	(11,003)
	Due from Other Governments Capital Assets:	255,281
1510	Land	269,588
1520	Buildings, Net	3,159,250
1530	Furniture and Equipment, Net	230,740
1580	Construction in Progress	40,000
1590	Infrastructure, Net	1,638,367
1000	Total Assets	7,217,263
DEFER	RRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
1701	Deferred Charge for Refunding	290,971
	Deferred Outflow Related to TRS Pension	153,903
1706	Deferred Outflow Related to TRS OPEB	166,535
1700	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	611,409
LIABII	LITIES	
	Accounts Payable	20,670
	Interest Payable	7,624
	Accrued Wages Payable	127,562
	Due to Other Governments	15,334
	Accrued Expenses Noncurrent Liabilities:	4,788
2501	Due Within One Year: Loans, Note, Leases, etc.	247,000
2001	Due in More than One Year:	217,000
2502	Bonds, Notes, Loans, Leases, etc.	3,895,220
2540	Net Pension Liability (District's Share)	238,256
2545	Net OPEB Liability (District's Share)	610,001
2000	Total Liabilities	5,166,455
	RRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
	Deferred Inflow Related to Chapter 313 Application Fees	75,000
	Deferred Inflow Related to TRS Pension	305,733
2606	Deferred Inflow Related to TRS OPEB	738,332
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,119,065
	OSITION	
	Net Investment in Capital Assets and Right-to-Use Lease Assets Restricted:	1,479,072
3820	Restricted for Federal and State Programs	30,266
3850	Restricted for Debt Service	214,383
3900	Unrestricted	(180,569)
3000	Total Net Position	\$ 1,543,152

ZEPHYR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net

Data				Program Revenues				Position		
Control			1	3			4		6	
Codes						O_1	perating]	Primary Gov.	
Codes					Charges for		ants and	C	Governmental	
		Expenses Services		Services	Con	tributions		Activities		
Primary Government:										
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:										
11 Instruction		\$	1,410,912	\$	-	\$	279,821	\$	(1,131,091)	
12 Instructional Resources and Media Servic	es		9,675		-		4,549		(5,126)	
13 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Develo	pment		5,307		-		-		(5,307)	
23 School Leadership			158,098		-		(999)		(159,097)	
31 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Se.	rvices		13,260		-		12,331		(929)	
33 Health Services			158		-		-		(158)	
34 Student (Pupil) Transportation			90,613		-		695		(89,918)	
35 Food Services			178,296		20,443		186,134		28,281	
36 Extracurricular Activities			329,961		43,322		11,770		(274,869)	
41 General Administration			242,955		-		30,791		(212,164)	
51 Facilities Maintenance and Operations			320,654		24,131		133,243		(163,280)	
52 Security and Monitoring Services			1,534		-		-		(1,534)	
53 Data Processing Services			84,963		-		48,494		(36,469)	
72 Debt Service - Interest on Long-Term Del			116,222		-		-		(116,222)	
73 Debt Service - Bond Issuance Cost and Fe			400		-		-		(400)	
93 Payments Related to Shared Services Arra	ingements		87,310		-		-		(87,310)	
99 Other Intergovernmental Charges			21,501						(21,501)	
[TP] TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	:	\$	3,071,819	\$	87,896	\$	706,829		(2,277,094)	
Data										
Control	General Re	venue	s:							
Codes	Taxes:									
MT	Prop	erty Ta	axes, Levied	for	General Purpose	es			636,783	
DT	Prop	erty Ta	axes, Levied	for :	Debt Service				163,297	
SF	State A	id - Fo	ormula Grants	S					1,998,414	
IE	Investn	nent E	arnings						5,588	
MI	Miscell	aneou	s Local and In	nter	mediate Revent	ıe			22,441	
TR	Total Ge	neral	Revenues						2,826,523	
CN			Change in N	let I	Position				549,429	
NB	Net Positio	n - Be	ginning				-		993,723	
NE	Net Positio	n - En	ding				<u> </u>	\$	1,543,152	

ZEPHYR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2022

Data Contro Codes			10 General Fund		50 Debt Service Fund	Other Funds	(Total Governmental Funds
	ASSETS							
1110 1220 1230 1240	Cash and Cash Equivalents Property Taxes - Delinquent Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes Due from Other Governments	\$	1,286,399 31,035 (8,676) 138,815		223,838 8,103 (2,327) 103	\$ 56,806 - - 116,363	\$	1,567,043 39,138 (11,003) 255,281
1260	Due from Other Funds		86,725		<u>-</u>			86,725
1000	Total Assets	\$	1,534,298	\$	229,717	\$ 173,169	\$	1,937,184
2110 2160 2170 2180 2200 2000	LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Accrued Wages Payable Due to Other Funds Due to Other Governments Accrued Expenditures Total Liabilities	\$	20,670 100,807 - 2,090 123,567	\$	15,334 - 15,334	\$ - 26,755 86,725 - 2,698 116,178	\$	20,670 127,562 86,725 15,334 4,788 255,079
2601 2602	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes Deferred Inflow Related to Ch 313 Application Fees	_	22,359 75,000		5,776	-		28,135 75,000
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		97,359	_	5,776			103,135
3450 3480	FUND BALANCES Restricted Fund Balance: Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction Retirement of Long-Term Debt Committed Fund Balance:		<u>-</u>		- 208,607	30,266		30,266 208,607
3510	Construction Assigned Fund Balance:		450,000		-	-		450,000
3590 3600	Other Assigned Fund Balance Unassigned Fund Balance		863,372		<u>-</u>	26,725		26,725 863,372
3000	Total Fund Balances		1,313,372		208,607	56,991		1,578,970
4000	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances	\$	1,534,298	\$	229,717	\$ 173,169	\$	1,937,184

EXHIBIT C-2

ZEPHYR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2022

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 1,578,970
1 The District uses internal service funds to charge the costs of certain activities, such as self-insurance and printing, to appropriate functions in other funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position. The net effect of this consolidation is to increase net position.	28,859
2 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds. At the beginning of the year, the cost of these assets was \$8,016,576 and the accumulated depreciation was (\$2,844,783). In addition, long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. The net effect of including the beginning balances for capital assets (net of depreciation) and long-term debt in the governmental activities is to increase net position.	1,176,393
3 Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of including the capital outlays and debt principal payments is to increase net position.	686,623
4 Included in the items related to debt is the recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability required by GASB 68. The net position related to TRS included a deferred resource outflow in the amount of \$153,903, a deferred resource inflow in the amount of \$305,733, and a net pension liability in the amount of \$238,256. This resulted in a decrease in net position.	(810,053)
5 Included in the items related to debt is the recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability required by GASB 75. The net position related to TRS included a deferred resource outflow in the amount of \$166,535, a deferred resource inflow in the amount of \$738,332, and a net OPEB liability in the amount of \$610,001. This resulted in a decrease in net position.	(761,831)
6 Depreciation expense increases accumulated depreciation. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position.	(275,471)
7 Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing unavailable revenue from property taxes as revenue and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to decrease net position.	(80,338)
19 Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 1,543,152

ZEPHYR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Data	10		50		Total	
Control	General	Γ	Debt Service	Other	Government	tal
Codes	Fund		Fund	Funds	Funds	
REVENUES:						
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 697,441	\$	164,168	\$ 44,806 \$	906,	415
5800 State Program Revenues	2,023,784		97,186	91,060	2,212,	030
5900 Federal Program Revenues	22,074		-	599,304	621,	378
5020 Total Revenues	2,743,299		261,354	735,170	3,739,	823
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
0011 Instruction	1,246,008		-	269,249	1,515,	257
0012 Instructional Resources and Media Services	5,032		-	4,549	9,	581
0013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development	5,307		-	-	5,	307
0023 School Leadership	171,020		-	1,100	172,	120
0031 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services	481		-	12,331	12,	812
0033 Health Services	158		-	-		158
0034 Student (Pupil) Transportation	64,462		-	993	65,	455
0035 Food Services	3,266		-	180,021	183,	287
0036 Extracurricular Activities	176,937		-	12,624	189,	561
0041 General Administration	222,146		-	32,603	254,	749
0051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations	369,974		-	134,076	504,	050
0052 Security and Monitoring Services	1,534		-	-		534
0053 Data Processing Services Debt Service:	40,496		-	49,329	89,	825
	05.000		14 210		00.	210
0071 Principal on Long-Term Liabilities	85,000		14,210	-	99,	
0072 Interest on Long-Term Liabilities	7,760		258,540 400	-	266,	400
0073 Bond Issuance Cost and Fees Capital Outlay:	-		400	-	•	+00
0081 Facilities Acquisition and Construction	243,743		-	_	243,	743
Intergovernmental:	,				Ź	
0093 Payments to Fiscal Agent/Member Districts of SSA	87,310		-	-	87,	310
0099 Other Intergovernmental Charges	21,501		-	-	21,	501
6030 Total Expenditures	2,752,135		273,150	696,875	3,722,	160
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(8,836)		(11,796)	38,295	17,	663
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
7912 Sale of Real and Personal Property	1,341		-	-	1,	341
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances	(7,495)		(11,796)	38,295	19,	004
0100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)	1,320,867		220,403	18,696	1,559,	966
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$ 1,313,372	\$	208,607	\$ 56,991	1,578,9	970

ZEPHYR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

EXHIBIT C-4

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 19,004
The District uses internal service funds to charge the costs of certain activities, such as self-insurance and printing, to appropriate functions in other funds. The net income (loss) of internal service funds are reported with governmental activities. The net effect of this consolidation is to increase net position.	12,235
Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of removing the capital outlays and debt principal payments is to increase net position.	686,623
Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position.	(275,471)
Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing unavailable revenue from property taxes as revenue, adjusting current year revenue to show the revenue earned from the current year's tax levy and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to increase net position.	5,086
GASB 68 required that certain plan expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. These contributions made after the measurement date of the plan caused the change in ending net position to increase by \$55,353. Contributions made before the measurement date and during the previous fiscal year were also expended and recorded as a reduction in net pension liability. This caused a decrease in the change in net position totaling \$39,351. Finally, the proportionate share of the TRS pension expense on the plan as a whole had to be recorded. The net pension expense decreased the change in net position by \$14,467. The net result was an increase in the change in net position.	30,469
GASB 75 required that certain plan expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. These contributions made after the measurement date of the plan caused the change in ending net position to increase by \$15,568. Contributions made before the measurement date and during the previous fiscal year were also expended and recorded as a reduction in net OPEB liability. This caused a decrease in the change in net position totaling \$11,819. Finally, the proportionate share of the TRS OPEB expense on the plan as a whole had to be recorded. The net OPEB expense increased the change in net position by \$67,734. The net result was an increase in the change in net position.	71,483
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 549,429

ZEPHYR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2022

	Governmental Activities -			
	Internal Service Fund			
ASSETS				
Current Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 28,859			
Total Current Assets	28,859			
Noncurrent Assets:				
Capital Assets:				
Furniture and Equipment	59,831			
Depreciation on Furniture and Equipment	(59,831)			
Total Noncurrent Assets				
Total Assets	28,859			
NET POSITION				
Unrestricted Net Position	28,859			
Total Net Position	\$ 28,859			

ZEPHYR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

	Governmental Activities -
	Internal Service Fund
OPERATING REVENUES:	
Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 23,100
Total Operating Revenues	23,100
OPERATING EXPENSES:	
Professional and Contracted Services	10,891
Total Operating Expenses	10,891
Operating Income	12,209
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):	
Earnings from Temporary Deposits & Investments	26
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	26
Change in Net Position	12,235
Total Net Position - September 1 (Beginning)	16,624
Total Net Position - August 31 (Ending)	\$ 28,859

ZEPHYR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash Received from User Charges Cash Payments for Other Operating Expenses Let Cash Provided by Operating Activities Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest and Dividends on Investments Let Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents Let Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents Let Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents Let Increase in Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year Let Increase in Cash Equivalents at End of Year Let Increase in Cash Equivalents at End of Year Let Increase in Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ 23,100 (10,891) 12,209
Cash Received from User Charges Cash Payments for Other Operating Expenses Let Cash Provided by Operating Activities Lash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest and Dividends on Investments Let Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents ash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year Let Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents ash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	23,100 (10,891) 12,209
Cash Received from User Charges Cash Payments for Other Operating Expenses Let Cash Provided by Operating Activities Lash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest and Dividends on Investments Let Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents ash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year Let Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents ash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ (10,891)
Cash Payments for Other Operating Expenses Jet Cash Provided by Operating Activities Jet Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Interest and Dividends on Investments Jet Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents Jet Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year Jet Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ (10,891)
Let Cash Provided by Operating Activities Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest and Dividends on Investments et Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents ash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year ash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	12,209
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest and Dividends on Investments et Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents ash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year ash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	 <u> </u>
Interest and Dividends on Investments et Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents ash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year ash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	26
et Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents ash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year ash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	 26
ash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year ash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	
ash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	12,235
•	16,624
	\$ 28,859
<u>teconciliation of Total Cash and Cash Equivalents:</u>	
Cash and Cash Equivalents on Balance Sheet	\$ 28,859
Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents on Balance Sheet	-
otal Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 28,859
econciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash	
Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities:	
perating Income (Loss)	\$ 12,209

ZEPHYR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2022

	Pur	Private Purpose Trust Fund		Custodial Fund	
ASSETS					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,822	\$	35,875	
Long Term Investments		6,212		-	
Total Assets		18,034	\$	35,875	
NET POSITION					
Restricted for Scholarships	4	8,034		-	
Restricted for Other Purposes		-		35,875	
Total Net Position	\$ 4	18,034	\$	35,875	

ZEPHYR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

1 OK 1111 12 IK 21 D22 11 GGGG 1 31, 2022

	l F Tr	Custodial Fund		
ADDITIONS:				
Miscellaneous Revenue - Student Activities	\$	-	\$	44,297
Earnings from Temporary Deposits		(5,347)		-
Contributions, Gifts and Donations		1,500		-
Total Additions		(3,847)		44,297
DEDUCTIONS:				
Other Deductions		4,486		49,479
Total Deductions		4,486		49,479
Change in Fiduciary Net Position		(8,333)		(5,182)
Total Net Position - September 1 (Beginning)		56,367		41,057
Total Net Position - August 31 (Ending)	\$	48,034	\$	35,875



ZEPHYR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Zephyr Independent School District (the "District") is a public educational agency operating under the applicable laws and regulations of the State of Texas. It is governed by a seven member Board of Trustees (the "Board") elected by registered voters of the District. The District prepares its basic financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and other authoritative sources identified in GASB Statement No. 76, and it complies with the requirements of the appropriate version of Texas Education Agency's *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide* (the "Resource Guide") and the requirements of contracts and grants of agencies from which it receives funds.

Pensions. The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB). The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) TRS-Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS-Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

The District applied Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. GASB Statement No. 72 provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for reporting purposes and applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements.

A. REPORTING ENTITY

The Board of Trustees (the "Board") is elected by the public and it has the authority to make decisions, appoint administrators and managers, and significantly influence operations. It also has the primary accountability for fiscal matters. Therefore, the District is a financial reporting entity as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") in its Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity." There are no component units included within the reporting entity.

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are government-wide financial statements. They report information on all of the District's nonfiduciary activities with most of the interfund activities removed. *Governmental activities* include programs supported primarily by taxes, State foundation funds, grants and other intergovernmental revenues. *Business-type activities* include operations that rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates how other people or entities that participate in programs the District operates have shared in the payment of the direct costs. The "charges for services" column includes payments made by parties that purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods or services provided by a given function or segment of the District. Examples include tuition paid by students not residing in the district, school lunch charges, etc. The "grants and contributions" column includes amounts paid by organizations outside the District to help meet the operational or capital requirements of a given function. Examples include grants under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act. If a revenue is not a program revenue, it is a general revenue used to support all of the District's functions. Taxes are always general revenues.

Interfund activities between governmental funds appear as due to/due froms on the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and as other resources and other uses on the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance. All interfund transactions between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide statements. Interfund activities between governmental funds and fiduciary funds remain as due to/due froms on the government-wide Statement of Activities.

The fund financial statements provide reports on the financial condition and results of operations for three fund categories - governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. Since the resources in the fiduciary funds cannot be used for District operations, they are not included in the government-wide statements. The District considers some governmental funds major and reports their financial condition and results of operations in a separate column.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues result from providing goods and services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations; they usually come from exchange or exchange-like transactions. All other revenues are nonoperating. Operating expenses can be tied specifically to the production of the goods and services, such as materials and labor and direct overhead. Other expenses are nonoperating.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements use the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements use the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets, current liabilities and fund balances are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present net increases and decreases in current assets (i.e., revenues and other financing sources and expenditures and other financing uses).

The modified accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available, and it recognizes expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest and principal on long-term debt, which is recognized when due. The expenditures related to certain compensated absences and claims and judgments are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the "susceptible to accrual" concept, that is, when they are both measurable and available. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available.

Grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant. Accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as unearned revenues until related and authorized expenditures have been made. If balances have not been expended by the end of the project period, grantors some times require the District to refund all or part of the unused amount.

The Proprietary Fund Types, Fiduciary Funds and Custodial Funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus and utilize the accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable and expenses in the accounting period in which they are incurred and become measurable. The District applies all GASB pronouncements as well as the Financial Accounting Standards Board pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless these pronouncements conflict or contradict GASB pronouncements. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the fund Statement of Net Position. The fund equity is segregated into invested in capital assets net of related debt, restricted net assets, and unrestricted net assets.

D. FUND ACCOUNTING

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

1. The General Fund. The general fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

2. **Debt Service Fund** - The District accounts for resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds in a debt service fund.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund type(s):

Governmental Funds:

3. Special Revenue Funds. The District accounts for resources restricted to, or designated for, specific purposes by the District or a grantor in a special revenue fund. Most Federal and some State financial assistance is accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund, and sometimes unused balances must be returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods.

Proprietary Funds:

4. Internal Service Funds. Revenues and expenses related to services provided to organizations inside the District on a cost reimbursement basis are accounted for in an internal service fund. The District's internal service fund is the Computer Operations fund.

Fiduciary Funds:

- 5. **Private Purpose Trust Funds.** The District accounts for donations for which the donor has stipulated that both the principal and the income may be used for purposes that benefit parties outside the District.
- **6. Custodial Funds.** The District accounts for resources held for others in a custodial capacity in custodial funds. The District's Custodial Fund is the "Zephyr Student Activity Fund."

E. OTHER ACCOUNTING POLICIES

- 1. For purposes of the statement of cash flows for proprietary funds, the District considers highly liquid investments to be cash equivalents if they have a maturity of three months or less when purchased.
- 2. The District reports inventories of supplies at weighted average cost including consumable maintenance, instructional, office, athletic, and transportation items. Supplies are recorded as expenditures when they are consumed. Inventories of food commodities are recorded at market values supplied by the Texas Department of Human Services. Although commodities are received at no cost, their fair market value is supplied by the Texas Department of Human Services and recorded as inventory and unearned revenue when received. When requisitioned, inventory and unearned revenue are relieved, expenditures are charged, and revenue is recognized for an equal amount.
- In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. The District implemented GASB 87 for reporting leases during this reporting period. A right-to-use lease is defined as a contract that conveys control over another entity's nonfinancial asset as specified in the contract for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. To be accounted for as a lease, the lease must meet the definition of a "long-term" lease provided in GASB 87. The right-to-use lease liability is reported in the government-wide statements. The lease liability is calculated as the present value of the reasonably certain expected payments made over the term of the lease and the interest included in the lease payments is recorded as an expense. There were no leases material to the financial statements that were recorded during the year audited.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

4. It is the District's policy to permit some employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the District does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the district. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

5. Capital assets, which include land, buildings, furniture and equipment are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Buildings, furniture and equipment of the District are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset:	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	50
Building Improvements	20-50
Vehicles	5-10
Equipment	5-10
Infrastructure	10-20

- 6. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance as nonspendable if the amounts cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to remain intact. Restrictions of fund balance are for amounts that are restricted to specific purposes by an external entity (creditors, grantors, governmental regulations) or the restriction is imposed by law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation. Commitments of fund balance represent amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by the District's board. Assignments of fund balance are amounts set aside by the District's superintendent or his designee with the intent they be used for specific purposes.
- 7. When the District incurs an expense for which it may use either restricted or unrestricted assets, it uses the restricted assets first whenever they will have to be returned if they are not used.
- 8. In general governments are required to report investments at fair value. These methods are disclosed in section III.A. below.
- 9. In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Items reported as deferred outflows of resources are as follows:

Deferred charges for refunding	\$ 290,971
Deferred charges related to TRS retirement	\$ 153,903
Deferred charges related to TRS OPEB	\$ 166,535

10. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one type of item which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Uncollected property taxes which are assumed collectible are reported in this category on the balance sheet for governmental funds. They are not reported in this category on the government wide statement of net position. Items reported as deferred inflows of resources are as follows:

Deferred charges related to Chapter 313 application fees	\$ 75,000
Deferred charges related to TRS retirement	\$ 305,733
Deferred charges related to TRS OPEB	\$ 738,332

11. The Data Control Codes refer to the account code structure prescribed by TEA in the *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide*. Texas Education Agency requires school districts to display these codes in the financial statements filed with the Agency in order to insure accuracy in building a Statewide data base for policy development and funding plans.

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. BUDGETARY DATA

The Board of Trustees adopts an "appropriated budget" for the General Fund and the Food Service Fund (which is included in the Special Revenue Funds). The District is required to present the adopted and final amended budgeted revenues and expenditures for each of these funds. The District compares the final amended budget to actual revenues and expenditures. The General Fund Budget report appears in Exhibit G-1 in RSI and the other reports are in Exhibits J-2 and J-3.

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the general-purpose financial statements:

- 1. Prior to August 20 the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning September 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget. At least ten days' public notice of the meeting must be given.
- 3. Prior to September 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Board. Once a budget is approved, it can only be amended at the function and fund level by approval of a majority of the members of the Board. Amendments are presented to the Board at its regular meetings. Each amendment must have Board approval. As required by law, such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board, and are not made after fiscal year end. Because the District has a policy of careful budgetary control, several amendments were necessary during the year. (However, none of these were significant.)
- 4. Each budget is controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Board. All budget appropriations lapse at year end.

B. EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

During the year, the District had the following functional categories that exceeded its final amended budget by more than \$2,500 in the General and Child Nutrition funds:

Functional Category	Amount Over Budget	Explanation
0035 - Food services	\$ 4,948	Ending expenditure accruals.
0051 - Facilities maintenance and operations	\$ 5,541	Ending expenditure accruals.

C. DEFICIT FUND EQUITY

None.

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS

A. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and Cash Equivalents

District Policies and Legal and Contractual Provisions Governing Deposits

<u>Custodial Credit Risk for Deposits.</u> State law requires governmental entities to contract with financial institutions in which funds will be deposited to secure those deposits with insurance or pledged securities with a fair value equaling or exceeding the amount on deposit at the end of each business day. The pledged securities must be in the name of the governmental entity and held by the entity or its agent. Since the district complies with this law, it has no custodial credit risk for deposits. The District was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

<u>Foreign Currency Risk.</u> The District limits the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or a deposit by having no deposits denominated in a foreign currency. Therefore, the District was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

As of August 31, 2022, the following are the District's cash and cash equivalents (including it's private purpose and student activity funds) with respective maturities and credit rating:

Type of Deposit	F	air Value	Percent	Maturity < 1 Yr	Maturity 1-10 Yrs	Maturity > 10 Yrs	Credit Rating
Money market and FDIC insured accounts	\$	521,682	32%	\$ 521,682			N/A
Investment pools		1,111,917	68%	1,111,917			AAA
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,633,599	100%	\$ 1,633,599			_

Investments

District Policies and Legal and Contractual Provisions Governing Investments

Compliance with the Public Funds Investment Act

The *Public Funds Investment Act*(Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports, and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires a governmental entity to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, (9) and bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit.

Statutes authorize the entity to invest in (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas and its agencies; (2) guaranteed or secured certificates of deposit issued by state and national banks domiciled in Texas; (3) obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities and other political subdivisions of any state having been rated as to investment quality not less than an "A"; (4) No load money market funds with a weighted average maturity of 90 days or less; (5) fully collateralized repurchase agreements; (6) commercial paper having a stated maturity of 270 days or less from the date of issuance and is not rated less than A-1 or P-1 by two nationally recognized credit rating agencies OR one nationally recognized credit agency and is fully secured by an irrevocable letter of credit; (7) secured corporate bonds rated not lower than "AA-" or the equivalent; (8) public funds investment pools; and (9) guaranteed investment contracts for bond proceeds investment only, with a defined termination date and secured by U.S. Government direct or agency obligations approved by the Texas public Funds Investment Act in an amount equal to the bond proceeds. The Act also requires the entity to have independent auditors perform test procedures related to investment practices as provided by the Act. The District is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies.

Additional policies and contractual provisions governing investments for the District are specified below:

<u>Credit Risk.</u> To limit the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations the District limits investments in commercial paper, corporate bonds or mutual bond funds to the top ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSROs). As of August 31, 2022, all investments were rated AAA. Therefore, the District was not exposed to credit risk.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk for Investments</u>. To limit the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party the District requires counterparties to register the securities in the name of the district and hand them over to the District or its designated agent. This includes securities in securities lending transactions. All of the securities are in the District's name and held by the District or its agent. The District was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk.</u> To limit the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer, the District limits investments to less than 5% of its total investments. The District further limits investments in a single issuer when they would cause investment risks to be significantly greater in the governmental and business-type activities, individual major funds, aggregate non-major funds and fiduciary fund types than they are in the primary government. Usually this limitation is 20%. The District was not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

<u>Interest Rate Risk.</u> To limit the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of investments, the District requires a review of its investment portfolio at least annually to determine whether market conditions pose an inherent risk of future interest rates either rising or falling which could significantly affect investment performance. The District was not exposed to interest rate risk.

<u>Foreign Currency Risk for Investments</u>. The District limits the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment by not investing in any foreign currency. Therefore, the District was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

The District categorizes its fair value measurements with the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. the hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Investments that are measured at fair value using the net asset value per share (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient are not classified in the fair value hierarchy below. In instances where inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the above fair value hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. The District's assessment of the significance of particular inputs to these fair value measurements requires judgment and considers factors specific to each asset or liability.

At August 31, 2022, the District had the following investments (excluding cash-equivalent public funds investment pools): long-term municipal bonds totaling \$46,212 categorized as Level 1 inputs in its private purpose trust fund.

B. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property located in the District in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 31 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available (1) when they become due or past due and receivable within the current period.

C. DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE

Delinquent taxes are prorated between maintenance and debt service based on rates adopted for the year of the levy Allowances for uncollectible tax receivables within the General Fund is based on historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

D. INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund balances as of August 31, 2022 is as follows:

Fund	R	eceivable	Payable	Purpose	Current?
General fund	\$	86,725		Temporary advances	Yes
Nonmajor governmental funds			86,725	Temporary advances	Yes
Total	\$	86,725	86,725		

Interfund transfers for the year ended August 31, 2022 consisted of the following individual amounts:

None.

E. DISAGGREGATION OF RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Receivables at August 31, 2022 were as follows:

	Property Taxes (net)		Other Government		R	Total eccivables
Governmental Activities:						
General fund	\$	22,359	\$	138,815	\$	161,174
Debt service fund		5,776		103		5,879
Nonmajor governmental funds				116,363		116,363
Total Governmental Activities	\$	28,135	\$	255,281	\$	283,416

Payables at August 31, 2022 were as follows:

	Accounts		Accrued Payroll Liabilities		Other Governments		Total Payables	
Governmental Activities:								
General fund	\$	20,670	\$	102,897			\$	123,567
Debt service fund						15,334		15,334
Nonmajor governmental funds				29,453				29,453
Total Governmental Activities	\$	20,670	\$	132,350	\$	15,334	\$	168,354

F. CAPITAL ASSET ACTIVITY

Capital asset activity for the year ended August 31, 2022, was as follows:

	Balance 8/31/2021 Additions Disposals		Balance 8/31/2022			
Governmental activities:						_
Land and improvements	\$ 269,588				\$	269,588
Buildings and improvements	4,550,199		157,880			4,708,079
Furniture and equipment	778,421			40,000		738,421
Construction in progress	0		40,000			40,000
Infrastructure	2,418,368		243,743			2,662,111
Totals	 8,016,576		441,623	40,000		8,418,199
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings and improvements	1,453,879		94,950			1,548,829
Furniture and equipment	484,111		63,570	40,000		507,681
Infrastructure	906,793		116,951			1,023,744
Total accumulated depreciation	2,844,783		275,471	40,000		3,080,254
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 5,171,793	\$	166,152	\$ 0	\$	5,337,945

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:

11 - Instruction	\$	55,800
12 - Instructional resources and media services		335
23 - School leadership		6,023
31 - Guidance, counseling and evaluation services		448
34 - Student (pupil) transportation		28,200
35 - Food services		8,473
36 - Extracurricular activities		152,250
41 - General administration		8,915
51 - Facilities maintenance and operations		11,884
53 - Data processing services		3,143
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$	275,471

G. BONDS AND LONG-TERM NOTES PAYABLE

Bonded indebtedness of the District is reflected in the General Long-Term Debt Account Group. Current requirements for principal and interest expenditures are accounted for in the Debt Service Fund.

A summary of changes in general long-term debt for the year ended August 31, 2022 is as follows:

Description	Interest Rate Payable	Amounts Original Issue	C	Amounts Outstanding 9/1/2021	Is	ssued	Retired/ Refunded	Amounts Outstanding 8/31/2022
Bonds and Notes Payable:								
Unlimited tax refunding bonds, series 2015 - current interest	3.00%- 4.75%	\$ 3,660,000	\$	3,380,000				\$ 3,380,000
Unlimited tax refunding bonds, series 2015 - capital appreciation	1.60%- 2.00%	\$ 65,000		14,210			14,210	0
Maintenance tax notes, taxable series 2011	6.73%	\$ 408,000		237,000			42,000	195,000
Public property finance contract #5735	6.75%	\$ 425,000		220,000			43,000	177,000
Subtotal - Bonds and Notes Payable				3,851,210			99,210	3,752,000
Bond premium, all series	N/A	N/A		415,464			25,244	390,220
Interest accretion, series 2015	N/A	N/A		144,190		1,600	145,790	0
Total - Bonds and Notes Payable			\$	4,410,864	\$	1,600	\$ 270,244	\$ 4,142,220

Zephyr ISD Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2015 -

On December 30, 2015, the District issued \$3,725,000 in unlimited tax refunding bonds to provide the resources to refund early existing debt on unlimited tax school building bonds, series 2008 and 2009 with par value totaling \$3,725,000 plus costs of issuance. Interest rates on the new debt vary from 1.60% to 4.75% payable semi-annually with final maturity on February 15, 2035. The bonds were issued in part as current interest bonds (\$3,660,000) and in part as premium capital appreciation bonds (\$65,000). Current interest bonds are subject to redemption at the option of the District in whole or in part in principal amounts of \$5,000 or any multiple thereof, on February 15, 2038 or any date thereafter, at a price equal to the principal amount thereof, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption. The capital appreciation bonds are not subject to redemption prior to maturity.

Zephyr ISD Maintenance Tax Notes, Taxable Series 2011 -

The notes were issued on April 26, 2011 for the purpose of construction, rehabilitation, ore repair of public school facilities, expenditures for costs of acquisition of equipment to be used in such portion of the constructed, rehabilitated or repaired school facility or for the acquisition of land on which such facility is to be constructed. The notes were issued in accordance with Texas law. The original issue was for \$408,000, payable in annual installments with interest rates of 6.73% with final maturity on February 15, 2026. The note is a qualified school construction bond pursuant to sections 54A and 54F of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code") and the applicable Treasury Regulations promulgated thereunder.

Zephyr ISD Public Property Finance Contract #5735 -

The contract was issued on June 17, 2011 for the purpose of acquisition of equipment to be used in conjunction with the construction of new school facilities. The contract was issued in accordance with Texas law. The original issue was for \$425,000, payable in annual installments with interest rates of 6.75% with final maturity on June 15, 2026. The contract is a qualified school construction bond pursuant to sections 54A and 54F of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code") and the applicable Treasury Regulations promulgated thereunder.

H. DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS - BONDS AND LONG-TERM NOTES PAYABLE

Future debt service requirements on bonds are as follows:

Year Ended August 31,	1	Principal	Interest	Re	Total equirements
2023	\$	247,000	\$ 114,131	\$	361,131
2024		261,000	105,081		366,081
2025		270,000	95,619		365,619
2026		284,000	87,364		371,364
2027		190,000	80,363		270,363
2028-32		1,035,000	311,737		1,346,737
2033-37		1,200,000	141,700		1,341,700
2038		265,000	4,306		269,306
Totals	\$	3,752,000	\$ 940,301	\$	4,692,301

I. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Plan Description. The District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). It is a defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard work load and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

State law requires the plan to be actuarially sound in order for the legislature to consider a benefit enhancement, such as a supplemental payment to retirees. The pension became actuarially sound in May 2019 when the 86th Texas legislature approved the TRS Pension Reform Bill (SB12) that provided gradual contribution increases from the state, participating employers and active employees for the fiscal years 2019 through 2024.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at http://www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/acfr.pdf#ACFR; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

Net Pension LiabilityTotalTotal Pension Liability\$ 227,273,463,630Less: Plan Fiduciary Net Position(201,807,002,496)Net Pension Liability\$ 25,466,461,134Net Position as a percentage of Total Pension Liability88.79%

Benefits Provided. TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3 percent (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grand fathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description in (A) above.

Contributions. Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year. Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. The 84th Texas Legislature, General Appropriations Act (GAA) established the employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2021 and 2022.

Contribution Rates	S	
	2021	2022
Member	7.70%	8.00%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	7.50%	7.75%
Employers	7.50%	7.75%
Current fiscal year District contributions		\$ 55,353

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

\$

131,823

87,894

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers including public schools are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- During a new member's first 90 days of employment.

Current fiscal year Member contributions

Measurement year NECE contributions

• When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources, a privately sponsored source.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there are two additional surcharges an employer is subject to:

- All public schools, charter schools and regional education service centers must contribute 1.6% of the member's salary beginning in fiscal year 2021, gradually increasing to 2% in fiscal year 2025.
- When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.

Actuarial Assumptions. The actuarial valuation was performed as of August 31, 2020 Update procedures were used to roll forward the total pension liability to August 31, 2021.

The total pension liability is determined by an annual actuarial valuation. The actuarial methods and assumptions were selected by the Board of Trustees based upon analysis and recommendations by the System's actuary. The Board of Trustees has sole authority to determine the actuarial assumptions used for the Plan. The actuarial methods and assumptions were primarily based on a study of actual experience for the three year period ending August 31, 2017 and were adopted in July 2018.

The post-retirement mortality rates for healthy lives were based on the 2018 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioners Mortality Tables, with full generational projection using the ultimate improvement rates from the most recently published projection scale ("U-MP"). The active mortality rates were based on 90 percent of the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables for males and females, also with full generational mortality.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.25%. The long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The total pension liability in the August 31, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date	August 31, 2020 rolled forward to August 31, 2021
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	FairValue
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Single Discount Rate	7.25%
Long-term expected Investment Rate of Return	7.25%
Municipal bond rate as of August 2020	1.95% - The source for the rate is the Fixed Income Market Data/Yield Curve/Data Municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax- exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index"
Inflation	2.3%
Salary Increases	3.05% to 9.05% including inflation
Benefit Changes During the Year	None
Ad hoc Post-Employment Benefit Changes	None

The actuarial assumptions used in the determination of the total pension liability are the same assumptions used in the actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2020. For a full description of these assumptions, please see the actuarial valuation report dated November 9, 2020.

Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 7.25% was used to measure the total pension liability. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on the plan investments of 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that contributions from active members, employers and the non-employer contributing entity will be made at the rates set by the Legislature during the 2019 legislative session. It is assumed that future employer and state contributions will be 8.50% of payroll in fiscal year 2020 gradually increasing to 9.55% of payroll over the next several years. This includes all employer and state contributions for active and rehired retirees.

Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Systems target asset allocation as of August 31, 2021 are summarized below:

Asset Class ¹	Target Allocation ² %	Long-Term Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return ³	Expected Contribution to Long-Term Portfolio Returns
Global Equity			
USA	18%	3.6%	0.94%
Non-U.S. Developed	13%	4.4%	0.83%
Emerging Markets	9%	4.6%	0.74%
Private Equity	14%	6.3%	1.36%
Stable Value			
Government Bonds	16%	-0.2%	0.01%
Absolute Return (Including Credit Sensitive Investments)	0%	1.1%	0.00%
Stable Value Hedge Funds	5%	2.2%	0.12%
Real Return			
Real Estate	15%	4.5%	1.00%
Energy, Natural Resources and Infrastructure	6%	4.7%	0.35%
Commodities	0%	1.7%	0.00%
Risk Parity			
Risk Parity	8%	2.8%	0.28%
Asset Allocation Leverage			
Cash	2%	-0.7%	-0.01%
Asset Allocation Leverage	-6%	-0.5%	0.03%
Inflation Expectation			2.20%
Volatility Drag ⁴			-0.95%
Expected Return	100%	_	6.90%

¹ Absolute Return includes Credit Sensitive Investments.

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis. The following schedule shows the impact of the Net Pension Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (7.25%) in measuring the 2021 Net Pension Liability.

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (6.25%)	Discount Rate (7.25%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (8.25%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 520,626	\$ 238,256	\$ 9,167

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At August 31, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$238,256 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:.

District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$ 238,256
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	524,513
Total	\$ 762,769

² Target allocations are based on the FY2021 policy model.

³ Capital Market Assumptions come from Aon Hewitt (as of 08/31/2021).

⁴ The volatility drag results from the conversion between arithmetic and geometric mean returns.

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2021 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2020 thru August 31, 2021.

At August 31, 2021 the District's proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.0009355663% which was a decrease of 0.0000083441% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2020.

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation. Changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total pension liability since the prior measurement period are as follows:

There were no changes in assumptions since the prior measurement date.

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

For the year ended August 31, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$26,981 and revenue of \$2,097 for support provided by the Sate in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities.

At August 31, 2022, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Οι	Deferred atflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual economic experiences	\$	399	\$ 16,773
Changes in actuarial assumptions		84,219	36,712
Differences between projected and actual investment earnings			199,774
Changes in proportion and differences between the District's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions		13,932	52,474
Total as of August 31, 2021 measurement date	\$	98,550	\$ 305,733
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date		55,353	
Total as of August 31, 2022 fiscal year end	\$	153,903	\$ 305,733

The net amounts of the District's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal year ended August 31,	Amount	
2023	\$	(32,542)
2024	\$	(41,658)
2025	\$	(60,931)
2026	\$	(67,901)
2027	\$	(3,505)
Thereafter	\$	(646)

J. DEFINED OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS

Plan Description. The District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined benefit Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered through a trust by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) Board of Trustees. It is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detail information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately-issued TRS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at http://www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/acfr.pdf#ACFR; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX,

78701-2698; or by calling (512)542-6592.

Components of the net OPEB liability of the TRS-Care plan as of August 31, 2021 are as follows:

Net OPEB Liability:	<u>Total</u>
Total OPEB liability	\$ 41,113,711,083
Less: plan fiduciary net position	(2,539,242,470)
Net OPEB liability	\$ 38,574,468,613
Net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability	6.18%

Benefits Provided. TRS-Care provides a basic health insurance coverage at no cost to all retirees from public schools, charter schools, regional education service centers and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension plan. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee.

Eligible non-Medicare retirees and their dependents may pay premiums to participate in the high-deductible health plans. Eligible Medicare retirees and dependents may pay premiums to participate in the Medicare Advantage health plans. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system.

The General Appropriations Act passed by the 86th Legislature included funding to maintain TRS Care premiums at their current level through 2021. The 86th legislature also passed SB 1682 which requires TRS to establish a contingency reserve in the TRS-Care fund equal to 60 days of expenditures.

The following premium rates for retirees with Medicare Part A and Part B became effective January 1, 2018 and are reflected in the following table.

TRS-Care Plan Premium Rates Effective January 1, 2018 - December 31, 2021						
Medicare Non-Medica						
Retiree or surviving spouse	\$	135	\$ 200			
Retiree and spouse		529	689			
Retiree or surviving spouse and children		468	408			
Retiree and family		1,020	999			

Contributions. Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in state statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for the plan is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and school districts based upon public school district payroll. The TRS board of trustees does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Texas Insurance Code, section 1575.202 establishes the state's contribution rate which is 1.25% of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is 0.65% of pay. Section 1575.204 establishes an employer contribution rate of not less than 0.25% or not more than 0.75% of the salary of each active employee of the public. The actual employer contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act. The following table shows contributions to the TRS-Care plan by type of contributor.

Contribution Rates		·
	2021	2022
Active employee	0.65%	0.65%
Non-employer contributing entity (State)	1.25%	1.25%
Employers	0.75%	0.75%
Federal/private funding remitted by employers	1.25%	1.25%
Current fiscal year District contributions	\$	15,568
Current fiscal year member contributions	\$	10,711

All employers whose employees are covered by the TRS pension plan are also required to pay a surcharge of \$535 per month when employee a retiree of the TRS.

16,552

Measurement year NECE contributions

Actuarial Assumptions. The actuarial valuation of TRS-Care was performed as of August 31, 2020. Update procedures were used to roll forward the total OPEB liability to August 31, 2021.

The actuarial valuation of the OPEB plan offered through TRS-Care is similar to the actuarial valuation performed for the pension plan, except that the OPEB valuation is more complex. All of the demographic assumptions, including rates of retirement, termination, and disability, and most of the economic assumptions, including general inflation and salary increases, used in the OPEB valuation were identical to those used in the respective TRS pension valuation. The demographic assumptions were developed in the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017.

The following assumptions used for members of TRS are identical to the assumptions employed in the August 31, 2021 TRS annual pension actuarial valuation:

Rates of Mortality General Inflation
Rates of Retirement Wage Inflation

Rates of Termination Expected Payroll Growth

Rates of Disability Incidence

The active mortality rates were based on 90 percent of the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables for males and females with full generational mortality using Scale BB. The post-retirement mortality rates were based on the 2018 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioner Mortality Tables, with full generational projection using the ultimate improvement rates from mortality projection scale MP-2018.

The initial medical trend rates were 8.50% for Medicare retirees and 7.10% for non-Medicare retirees. There was an initial prescription drug trend rate of 8.50% for all retirees. The initial trend rates decrease to an ultimate trend rate of 4.25% over a period of 12 years.

Additional Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Valuation Date	August 31, 2020 rolled forward to August 31, 2021
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Inflation	2.30%
Discount Rate	1.95% as of August 31, 2021
Aging Factors	Based on plan specific experience
Expenses	Third-party administrative expenses related to the delivery of health care benefits are included in the age-adjusted claims costs.
Projected Salary Increases	3.05% to 9.05%, including inflation
Election Rates	Normal Retirement: 65% participation prior to age 65 and 40% participation after age 65. 25% of pre-65 retirees are assumed to discontinue coverage at age 65.
Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes	None

Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 1.95% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. There was a change of (0.38%) in the discount rate since the previous year. Because the plan is essentially a "pay-as-you-go" plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The source of the municipal bond rate was 20-year, tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability:

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis - The following schedule shows the impact of the net OPEB liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used in measuring the net OPEB liability.

	1% Decrease in	Current Single	1% Increase in
	Discount Rate	Discount Rate	Discount Rate
	(0.95%)	(1.95%)	(2.95%)
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$ 735,801	\$ 610,001	\$ 510,991

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates Sensitivity Analysis - The following presents the net OPEB liability of the plan using the assumed healthcare cost trend rate, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is one-percentage point lower or one-percentage point higher than the assumed healthcare cost trend rate:

	1% Decrease	I	Current Healthcare Cost Trend Rate	1% Increase
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$ 494,080	\$	610,001	\$ 765,537

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs. At August 31, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$610,001 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net OPEB liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$ 610,001
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	817,265
Total	\$ 1,427,266

The net OPEB liability was measured as of August 31, 2021 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the District's contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2020 thru August 31, 2021.

At August 31, 2021 the District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability was 0.0015813583% which was a decrease of 0.0000023119% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2020.

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation. The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement period:

1. The discount rate changed from 2.33% as of August 31, 2020 to 1.95% as of August 31, 2021. This change increased the total OPEB liability (TOL).

There were no changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

For the year ended August 31, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense of (\$86,078) and revenue of (\$30,163) for support provided by the State.

At August 31, 2022, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following sources:

	 red Outflow Resources	 Perred Inflow Resources
Differences between expected and actual actuarial experience	\$ 26,263	\$ 295,283
Changes in actuarial assumptions	67,565	129,004
Differences between projected and actual investment earnings	662	
Changes in proportion and difference between the District's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	56,477	314,045
Total as of August 31, 2021 measurement date	\$ 150,967	\$ 738,332
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	15,568	
Total as of August 31, 2022 fiscal year end	\$ 166,535	\$ 738,332

The net amounts of the District's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal year ended August 31,	Amount
2023	\$ (99,283)
2024	\$ (99,298)
2025	\$ (99,294)
2026	\$ (83,237)
2027	\$ (61,499)
Thereafter	\$ (144,754)

K. HEALTH CARE COVERAGE - RETIREES AND ACTIVE EMPLOYEES

Retiree Health Care Coverage

Plan Description. The District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care plan administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas. TRS-Care provides health cae coverage for certain persons (and their dependents) who retire under the Teacher Retirement System of Texas. The statutory authority for the program is Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575. Texas Insurance Code Section 1575.052 grants the TRS Board of Trustees the authority to establish and amend basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants. The TRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for TRS-Care. That report may be obtained by writing to the TRS Communications Department, 1000 Red River Street, Austin, Texas 78701, by phoning the TRS Communications Department at 1-800-223-8778, or by downloading the report from the TRS Internet Website, www.trs.state.tx.us under the TRS Publications heading.

Funding Policy. Contribution requirements are not actuarially determined but are legally established each biennium by the Texas Legislature. Texas Insurance Code, Sections 1575.202, 203, and 204 establish state, active employee, and public school contributions, respectively. The Contribution Rate for the State was 1.25% for 2020 thru 2022. The contribution rate for the district was 0.75% for 2020 thru 2022. The contribution rate for active employees was 0.65% of the district payroll for 2020 thru 2022. Per Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575, the public school contribution may not be less than 0.25% or greater than 0.75% of the salary of each active employee of the public school. For staff members funded by federal programs, the federal programs are required to contribution 1.25% for 2020 thru 2022.

Contributions. Contributions made by the State on behalf of the District are recorded in the governmental funds financial statements as both revenue and expenditures. State contributions to TRS made on behalf to the District's employees as well as the District's required contributions and federal grant program contributions for the years ended August 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

	Contribution Rates and Contribution Amounts												
	Member State School District												
Year	Rate	Α	Amount	Rate	ate Amount		Rate	Α	Amount				
2022	0.65%	\$	10,711	1.25%	\$	20,597	0.75%	\$	12,358				
2021	0.65%	\$	9,267	1.25%	\$	17,822	0.75%	\$	10,158				
2020	0.65%	\$	9,085	1.25%	\$	17,471	0.75%	\$	10,483				

Medicare Part D. The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003, which was effective January 1, 2006 established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. One of the provisions of Medicare Part D allows for the TRS-Care to receive retiree drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. On-behalf payments recognized as equal revenues and expenditures by the District for the years ended August 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020 were \$6,782, \$6,236 and \$5,991, respectively.

Active Employee Health Care Coverage

Plan Description. The District participates in TRS Active Care sponsored by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas and administered through Aetna and Caremark (pharmacy). TRS-Active Care provides health care coverage to employees (and their dependents) of participating public education entities. Optional life and long-term care insurance are also provided to active members and retirees. Authority for the plan can be found in the Texas Insurance Code, Title 8, Subtitle H, Chapter 1579 and in the Texas Administrative Code, Title 34, Part 3, Chapter 41. The plan began operations on September 1, 2002. This is a premium-based plan. Payments are made on a monthly basis for all covered employees.

L. CHANGES IN LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term activity for the year ended August 31, 2022, was as follows:

	 Beginning Balance	Additions Retirements			Ending Balance	_	ue Within One Year
Bonds payable	\$ 3,394,210		\$	14,210	\$ 3,380,000	\$	160,000
Notes payable	457,000			85,000	372,000		87,000
Bond premium	415,464			25,244	390,220		0
Interest accretion	144,190	1,600		145,790	0		0
Net pension liability	505,539			267,283	238,256		0
Net OPEB liability	602,025	20,330		12,354	610,001		0
Total	\$ 5,518,428	\$ 21,930	\$	549,881	\$ 4,990,477	\$	247,000

M. UNAVAILABLE/UNEARNED REVENUE

Unavailable and unearned revenue at year-end consisted of the following:

Fund	Unavailable Revenue (levied but uncollected property taxes)		Deferred Inflows (Chapter 313 application fees not expended)		Total
General fund	\$	22,359	\$	75,000	\$ 97,359
Debt service fund		5,776			5,776
Total	\$	28,135	\$	75,000	\$ 103,135

N. DUE FROM STATE AND FEDERAL AGENCIES

The District participates in a variety of federal and state programs from which it receives grants to partially or fully finance certain activities. In addition, the District receives entitlements from the State through the School Foundation and Per Capita Programs. Amounts due from federal and state governments as of August 31, 2022, are summarized below. They are reported on the combined financial statements as Due from Other Governments.

	State Entitlements		Federal Grants	Total
General	\$	138,417		\$ 138,417
Nonmajor governmental funds		70,000	46,363	116,363
Net Total Receivables	\$	208,417	\$ 46,363	\$ 254,780

O. REVENUE FROM LOCAL AND INTERMEDIATE SOURCES

During the current year, revenues from local and intermediate sources consisted of the following:

		Debt		
	General	Service	Other	
Description	Fund	Fund	Funds	Total
Property taxes	\$ 627,403	\$ 161,814		\$ 789,217
Penalties, interest and other tax-related income	8,804	1,260		10,064
Food sales			20,443	20,443
Investment income	4,429	1,094	39	5,562
Extracurricular student activities	32,668		11,349	44,017
Local grants and contributions	2,700		12,975	15,675
Other income	21,437			21,437
Total	\$ 697,441	\$ 164,168	\$ 44,806	\$ 906,415

P. CONSTRUCTION AND OTHER SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The District participates in grant programs which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectibility of any related receivable may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities related to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying basic financial statements for such contingencies.

O. JOINT VENTURE SHARED SERVICE ARRANGEMENTS

The District participates in contracted shared services arrangement for Special Education services with Heartland Special Education Cooperative. The District does not account for revenues or expenditures in this program and does not disclose them in these financial statements. The District neither has a joint ownership interest in fixed assets purchased by the fiscal agent nor does the district have a net equity interest in the fiscal agent. The fiscal agent is neither accumulating significant financial resources nor fiscal exigencies that would give rise to a future additional benefit or burden to the District. The fiscal agent manager is responsible for all financial activities of the shared services arrangement.

The District also participates in various shared service arrangements with the Education Service Center Region 15. The District does not account for revenues or expenditures in this program and does not disclose them in these financial statements. The Education Service Center Region 15 is the fiscal agent manager and is responsible for all financial activities of the shared service arrangement.

R. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage or destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. During the fiscal year 2022, the District purchased commercial insurance to cover general liabilities. Additional insurance information by coverage type follows.

Property Casualty Program

The District participated in the Texas Association of School Boards Risk Management Fund (the "Fund") with coverage in auto liability, auto physical damage, general liability, property and legal liability. The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. All members participating in the Fund execute Interlocal Agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties. There were no significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year and there were not settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three years.

The Fund purchases stop-loss coverage for protection against catastrophic and larger than anticipated claims for its auto, liability and property programs. The terms and limits of the stop-loss program vary by line coverage. The Fund uses the services of an independent actuary to determine the adequacy of reserves and fully funds those reserves. For the year ended August 31, 2022, the Fund anticipates the District has not additional liability beyond the contractual obligations for payment of contributions.

Workers' Compensation

The District participates in a partially self-funded workers' compensation plan by participating in the Claims Administrative Services, Inc. self-insured workers' compensation program administered by Texas Educational Insurance Association (the "Association"). The Association is a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for member school districts. The main purpose of the Association is to partially self-insure certain workers compensation risks up to a agreed upon retention limit. The plan for workers' compensation benefits is authorized by Section 504.011 of the Labor Code. Claims are paid by a third party administrator acting on behalf of the District under the terms of a contractual agreement. Administrative fees are included within the provisions of that agreement. The liability of the workers' compensation self-insurance plan includes \$11,797 in estimated unpaid claims and additional estimated incurred but not reported claims of \$3,853. Costs are allocated to other funds and the retained earnings are fully reserved for self-funded insurance. Estimates of unpaid claims payable at August 31, 2022, are reflected as accounts and claims payable of the Fund (if material). The plan is funded to discharge liabilities of the fund as they become due.

<u>Unemployment Compensation</u>

During the year ended August 31, 2022, the District provided unemployment compensation coverage to its employees through participation in the TASB Risk Management Fund (the "Fund"). The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. The Fund's unemployment compensation program is authorized by Section 22.005 of the Texas Education Code and Chapter 172 of the Texas Local Government Code. All members participating in the Fund execute interlocal agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties.

The Fund meets its quarterly obligation to the Texas Workforce Commission. Expenses are accrued monthly until the quarterly payment has been made. Expenses can be reasonably estimated; therefore, there is no need for specific or aggregate stop-loss coverage for the unemployment compensation pool. For the year ended August 31, 2022, the Fund anticipates that the District has no additional liability beyond the contractual obligation for payment of contribution.

The Fund engages the services of an independent auditor to conduct a financial audit after the close of each year on August 31. The audit is accepted by the Fund's board of trustees in February of the following year. The Fund's audited financial statements as of August 31, 2022, are available on the TASB Risk Management Fund website and have been filed with the Texas Department of Insurance in Austin.

S. GENERAL FUND FEDERAL SOURCE REVENUES

Revenues from federal sources, which are reported in the General Fund, consist of:

		Federal Assistance					
	Program or Service	Program or Service Listing #					
SHARS		N/A	\$	22,074			

T. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through December 20, 2022; the date which the financial statements were available for distribution. There were none noted.



 $REQUIRED\ SUPPLEMENTARY\ INFORMATION$



ZEPHYR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Data Cont	rol	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)	Variance With Final Budget Positive or
Code	es —	Original	Final		(Negative)
F	REVENUES:				
5700 5800 5900	Total Local and Intermediate Sources State Program Revenues Federal Program Revenues	\$ 683,500 1,893,147 8,000	\$ 683,500 1,893,147 8,000	\$ 697,441 2,023,784 22,074	\$ 13,941 130,637 14,074
5020	Total Revenues	2,584,647	2,584,647	2,743,299	158,652
E	EXPENDITURES:		-	-	
	Current:				
0011 0012	Instruction Instructional Resources and Media Services	1,192,526 3,441 2,400	1,249,526 5,941 6,400	1,246,008 5,032 5,307	3,518 909 1,093
0013 0023	Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development School Leadership	164,728	176,728	171,020	5,708
0023	Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services	3,500	3,500	481	3,019
0033	Health Services	3,500	3,500	158	3,342
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation	87,933	87,933	64,462	23,471
0035	Food Services	2,300	3,300	3,266	34
0036	Extracurricular Activities	157,871	182,871	176,937	5,934
0041	General Administration	207,827	231,827	222,146	9,681
0051 0052	Facilities Maintenance and Operations Security and Monitoring Services	254,433 2,500	364,433 4,500	369,974 1,534	(5,541) 2,966
0053	Data Processing Services Debt Service:	67,463	67,463	40,496	26,967
0071	Principal on Long-Term Liabilities	85,000	85,000	85,000	-
0072	Interest on Long-Term Liabilities	32,259	32,259	7,760	24,499
0073	Bond Issuance Cost and Fees Capital Outlay:	1,000	1,000	-	1,000
0081	Facilities Acquisition and Construction Intergovernmental:	180,000	250,000	243,743	6,257
0093	Payments to Fiscal Agent/Member Districts of SS		90,500	87,310	3,190
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges	19,000	24,000	21,501	2,499
6030	Total Expenditures	2,552,681	2,870,681	2,752,135	118,546
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	31,966	(286,034)	(8,836)	277,198
(OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
	Sale of Real and Personal Property Transfers Out (Use)	(31,966)	(31,966)	1,341	1,341 31,966
7080	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(31,966)	(31,966)	1,341	33,307
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances	-	(318,000)	(7,495)	310,505
	Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)	1,320,867	1,320,867	1,320,867	-
3000	Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$ 1,320,867	\$ 1,002,867	\$ 1,313,372	\$ 310,505

ZEPHYR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

		Measurement Year Ended August 31,														
		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	0.	0009355663%	0.	0009439104%	0	.0010063653%	0.	0011440752%	0.	.0011656743%	0.0	0010900296%	0.0	0009679000%	0.00048100009	
District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	238,256	\$	505,539	\$	523,141	\$	629,727	\$	372,720	\$	411,906	\$	342,140	\$	128,481
States Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) associated with the District	_	524,513		1,100,325		935,040		1,112,338		721,151	_	792,931		742,726		684,354
Total	\$	762,769	\$	1,605,864	\$	1,458,181	\$	1,742,065	\$	1,093,871	\$	1,204,837	\$	1,084,866	\$	812,835
District's Covered Payroll	\$	1,425,733	\$	1,397,741	\$	1,164,990	\$	1,258,355	\$	1,279,627	\$	1,163,655	\$	1,111,801	\$	1,122,699
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a percentage of its Covered Payroll		16.71%		36.17%		44.91%		50.04%		29.13%		35.40%		30.77%		11.44%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a % of Total Pension Liability		88.79%		75.54%		75.24%		73.74%		82.17%		78.00%		78.43%		83.25%

Note: Only eight years of data is presented in accordance with GASB #68, paragraph 138. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

ZEPHYR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS FOR PENSIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

	Fiscal Year Ended August 31,															
		2022	2 2021			2020 2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		
Contractually Required Contribution	\$	55,353	\$	39,351	\$	38,946	\$	34,780	\$	38,194	\$	36,487	\$	36,913	\$	31,499
Contribution in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution		(55,353)		(39,351)		(38,946)		(34,780)		(38,194)		(36,487)	_	(36,913)		(31,499)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$		\$		\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$		\$		\$	
District's Covered Payroll	\$	1,647,787	\$	1,425,733	\$	1,397,741	\$	1,164,990	\$	1,258,355	\$	1,279,627	\$	1,163,654	\$	1,111,801
Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll		3.36%		2.76%		2.79%		2.99%		3.04%		2.85%		3.17%		2.83%

Note: Only eight years of data is presented in accordance with GASB #68, paragraph 138. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

ZEPHYR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

				Measur	ement	Year Ended Aug	gust 3	1,		
		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017
District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	0.	0015813583%	0.	0015836702%	0.	0020596762%	0.	0022509011%	0.	0020865506%
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	610,001	\$	602,025	\$	974,047	\$	1,123,896	\$	907,363
State's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) associated with the District		817,265		808,977		1,294,289		1,048,250		1,000,099
Total	\$	1,427,266	\$	1,411,002	\$	2,268,336	\$	2,172,146	\$	1,907,462
District's Covered Payroll	\$	1,425,733	\$	1,397,741	\$	1,164,990	\$	1,258,355	\$	1,279,627
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a percentage of its Covered Payroll		42.79%		43.07%		83.61%		89.31%		70.91%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a % of Total OPEB Liability		6.18%		4.99%		2.66%		1.57%		0.91%

Note: Only five years of data is presented in accordance with GASB #75, paragraph 245. "The information for all fiscal years for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

ZEPHYR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

	Fiscal Year Ended August 31,											
		2022		2021		2020	2019			2018		
Contractually Required Contribution	\$	15,568	\$	11,819	\$	12,037	\$	14,536	\$	16,063		
Contribution in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution		(15,568)		(11,819)		(12,037)		(14,536)		(16,063)		
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$			
District's Covered Payroll	\$	1,647,787	\$	1,425,733	\$	1,397,741	\$	1,164,990	\$	1,258,355		
Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll		0.94%		0.83%		0.86%		1.25%		1.28%		

Note: Only five years of data is presented in accordance with GASB #75, paragraph 245. "The information for all fiscal years for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

ZEPHYR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31. 2022

Budget

The official budget was prepared for adoption for all Governmental Fund Types. The budget was prepared in accordance with accounting practices generally accepted in the United States of America. The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data.:

- a. Prior to August 20 of the preceding fiscal year, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- b. A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget after ten days' public notice of the meeting has been given.
- c. Prior to the beginning of the fiscal year, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Board.

Once a budget is approved, it can be amended at function and fund level only by approval of a majority of the members of the Board. Amendments are presented to the Board at its regular meetings.

Each amendment must have Board approval. Such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board and are not made after fiscal year end as required by law.

Each amendment is controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level.

Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Board. All budget appropriations lapse at year end.

Encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders or contracts. Under Texas law, appropriations lapse at August 31, and encumbrances outstanding at that time are to be either cancelled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget. There were no end-of-year outstanding encumbrances that were provided for in the subsequent year's budget.

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Changes of benefit terms.

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

Changes of assumptions.

There were no changes of assumptions that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

Other Post-Employment Benefit Plan

Changes of benefit terms.

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability during the measurement period.

Changes of assumptions.

See Footnote J page 37 for changes in assumptions that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability during the measurement period.

COMBINING SCHEDULES

ZEPHYR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2022

			211		240		255		270
Data	1	ES	EA I, A		National		EA II,A	ESI	EA V, B,2
Contro	ol Control of the Con	Im	proving	Bre	akfast and	Train	ning and	Rui	al & Low
Codes		Basic	Program	Lun	ch Program	Rec	cruiting]	Income
1	ASSETS								
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	-	\$	30,081	\$	-	\$	-
1240	Due from Other Governments		6,155		8,328		721		1,487
1000	Total Assets	\$	6,155	\$	38,409	\$	721	\$	1,487
I	LIABILITIES								
2160	Accrued Wages Payable	\$	5,527	\$	7,312	\$	511	\$	1,334
2170	Due to Other Funds		-		-		152		-
2200	Accrued Expenditures		628		831		58		153
2000	Total Liabilities		6,155		8,143		721		1,487
J	FUND BALANCES								
	Restricted Fund Balance:								
3450	Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction		-		30,266		-		-
	Assigned Fund Balance:								
3590	Other Assigned Fund Balance		-		-		-		-
3000	Total Fund Balances		-		30,266		-		-
4000	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	6,155	\$	38,409	\$	721	\$	1,487

	281		282		289	4	10		429		461		Total
ES	SSER II	E	SSER III	Othe	er Federal	S	tate	Ot	her State	C	Campus	N	Vonmajor
CRI	RSA Act	Α	RP Act	S	special	Instru	ictional	5	Special	A	ectivity	Go	vernmental
Supp	olemental			Reve	nue Funds	Mat	erials	Reve	nue Funds		Funds		Funds
\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	_	\$	26,725	\$	56,806
	1,825		26,350		1,497		-		70,000		-		116,363
\$	1,825	\$	26,350	\$	1,497	\$	-	\$	70,000	\$	26,725	\$	173,169
\$	_	\$	11,456	\$	615	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	26,755
	1,825		13,935		813		_		70,000		_		86,725
	-		959		69		-		-		-		2,698
	1,825		26,350		1,497		-		70,000				116,178
												-	
	_		-		_		_		_		-		30,266
	-		-		-		-		_		26,725		26,725
	-		-		-		-		-		26,725		56,991
Ф	1.025	Ф	26.250	Ф	1 405	Ф		Ф	7 0.000	Ф	06.705	Ф	172 162
\$	1,825	\$	26,350	\$	1,497	\$	-	\$	70,000	\$	26,725	\$	173,169

ZEPHYR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

D		211	240	255	270
Data	E	SEA I, A	National	ESEA II,A	ESEA V, B,2
Control	In	nproving	Breakfast and	Training and	Rural & Low
Codes	Bas	ic Program	Lunch Program	n Recruiting	Income
REVENUES:					
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Source	ces \$	-	\$ 20,44	3 \$ -	\$ -
5800 State Program Revenues		-	97	4 -	-
5900 Federal Program Revenues		79,218	183,45	5 7,435	19,177
5020 Total Revenues		79,218	204,87	2 7,435	19,177
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
0011 Instruction		77,503	-	5,864	19,177
0012 Instructional Resources and Med	ia Services	1,715	-	-	-
0023 School Leadership		-	-	-	-
0031 Guidance, Counseling, and Evalu	ation Services	-	-	-	-
0034 Student (Pupil) Transportation		-	150.21	-	-
0035 Food Services		-	178,31	6 -	-
0036 Extracurricular Activities		-	-	1.571	-
0041 General Administration	.•	-	-	1,571	-
0051 Facilities Maintenance and Opera	ations	-	-	-	-
0053 Data Processing Services		-	-		-
6030 Total Expenditures		79,218	178,31	6 7,435	19,177
1200 Net Change in Fund Balance		-	26,55	-	-
0100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Begin	nning)	-	3,71	0 -	
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending	\$	-	\$ 30,26	6 \$ -	\$ -

281	282	289	410	429	461	Total
ESSER II	ESSER III	Other Federal	State	Other State	Campus	Nonmajor
CRRSA Act	ARP Act	Special	Instructional	Special	Activity	Governmental
Supplemental		Revenue Funds	Materials	Revenue Funds	Funds	Funds
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 24,363	\$ 44,806
_	_	_	6,343	83,743		91,060
136,529	163,908	9,582	-	-	-	599,304
136,529	163,908	9,582	6,343	83,743	24,363	735,170
10,802	139,978	9,582	6,343	-	-	269,249
2,834	-	-	-	-	-	4,549
-	1,100	-	-	-	-	1,100
-	12,331	-	-	-	-	12,331
-	993	-	-	-	-	993
-	1,705	-	-	-	-	180,021
-	-	-	-	-	12,624	12,624
27,586	3,446	-	-	-	-	32,603
49,188	1,145	-	-	83,743	-	134,076
46,119	3,210		-		-	49,329
136,529	163,908	9,582	6,343	83,743	12,624	696,875
-	-	-	-	-	11,739	38,295
		-			14,986	18,696
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 26,725	\$ 56,991



REQUIRED TEA SCHEDULES

ZEPHYR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE FISCAL YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

	(1)	(2)	(3) Assessed/Appraised		
Last 10 Years Ended	Tax l	Rates	Value for School		
August 31	Maintenance	Debt Service	Tax Purposes		
2013 and prior years	Various	Various	\$ Various		
014	1.040000	0.256700	40,545,078		
015	1.040000	0.279600	45,169,922		
016	1.040000	0.279600	43,947,364		
017	1.040000	0.279600	48,344,921		
018	1.040000	0.279600	48,115,614		
019	1.040000	0.275100	53,058,103		
2020	0.970000	0.245000	58,581,379		
2021	0.923900	0.225000	63,653,885		
(School year under audit)	0.872000	0.225000	72,448,775		
000 TOTALS					

(10) Beginning Balance 9/1/2021	(20) Current Year's Total Levy	(31) Maintenance Collections	(32) Debt Service Collections	(40) Entire Year's Adjustments	(50) Ending Balance 8/31/2022
\$ 2,250	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,250
904	-	-	-	-	904
1,340	-	-	-	-	1,340
366	-	-	-	-	366
1,753	-	-	-	-	1,753
1,590	-	-	-	-	1,590
9,158	-	502	133	156	8,679
8,138	-	1,513	382	(158)	6,085
10,735	-	6,088	1,483	(228)	2,936
-	794,763	619,300	159,816	(2,412)	13,235
\$ 36,234	\$ 794,763	\$ 627,403	\$ 161,814	\$ (2,642)	\$ 39,138

ZEPHYR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CHILD NUTRITION PROGRAM FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Data Control		Budgeted	Amo	ounts	Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)	F	ariance With inal Budget
Codes		Original		Final			(Negative)
REVENUES:							
 Total Local and Intermediate Sources State Program Revenues Federal Program Revenues 	\$	25,000 700 115,702	\$	25,000 700 115,702	\$ 20,443 974 183,455	\$	(4,557) 274 67,753
5020 Total Revenues EXPENDITURES:		141,402		141,402	204,872		63,470
Current: 0035 Food Services		173,368		173,368	178,316		(4,948)
6030 Total Expenditures		173,368		173,368	178,316		(4,948)
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):		(31,966)		(31,966)	26,556		58,522
7915 Transfers In		31,966		31,966			(31,966)
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances		-		-	26,556		26,556
0100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)	_	3,710		3,710	3,710		-
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	3,710	\$	3,710	\$ 30,266	\$	26,556

ZEPHYR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Data Control Codes		Budgeted	ınts	Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)	Fi	riance With nal Budget	
		Original		Final		_	Negative)
REVENUES:							
Total Local and Intermediate SourcesState Program Revenues	\$	148,200 124,740	\$	148,200 124,740	\$ 164,168 97,186	\$	15,968 (27,554)
5020 Total Revenues EXPENDITURES: Debt Service:		272,940		272,940	261,354		(11,586)
 Principal on Long-Term Liabilities Interest on Long-Term Liabilities Bond Issuance Cost and Fees 		20,440 250,000 2,500		20,440 250,000 2,500	14,210 258,540 400		6,230 (8,540) 2,100
Total Expenditures		272,940		272,940	273,150		(210)
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances		-		-	(11,796)		(11,796)
0100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)		220,403		220,403	220,403		
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	220,403	\$	220,403	\$ 208,607	\$	(11,796)

ZEPHYR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT USE OF FUNDS REPORT - SELECT STATE ALLOTMENT PROGRAMS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

	Section A: Compensatory Education Programs	
AP1	Did your LEA expend any state compensatory education program state allotment funds during the district's fiscal year?	Yes
AP2	Does the LEA have written policies and procedures for its state compensatory education program?	Yes
AP3	List the total state allotment funds received for state compensatory education programs during the district's fiscal year.	173250
AP4	List the actual direct program expenditures for state compensatory education programs during the LEA's fiscal year.	105930
	Section B: Bilingual Education Programs	
AP5	Did your LEA expend any bilingual education program state allotment funds during the LEA's fiscal year?	Yes
AP6	Does the LEA have written policies and procedures for its bilingual education program?	Yes
AP7	List the total state allotment funds received for bilingual education programs during the LEA's fiscal year.	1104
AP8	List the actual direct program expenditures for bilingual education programs during the LEA's fiscal year. (PICs 25,35)	317

OVERALL COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROLS SECTION



CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

P. O. Box 163 Eastland, Texas 76448 (325)669-9795 cgulley@txol.net

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Trustees Zephyr Independent School District 11625 CR 281 Zephyr, Texas 76890

I have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Zephyr Independent School District (the "District") as of and for the year ended August 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued my report thereon dated December 20, 2022.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during my audit I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit and, accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cameron L. Gulley
Certified Public Accountant

Eastland, Texas

December 20, 2022



ZEPHYR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Finding	Statement of Condition	Material Weakness?	Questioned Costs
	None.		



ZEPHYR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

I.	Sun	Summary of Auditor's Results					
	A.	Financial Statements					
		Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified.				
		Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	No. None reported.				
		Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	No.				
	B.	Federal Awards					
		Not applicable.					
II.		dings Relating to the Financial Statements which are Required to be Reported ternment Auditing Standards ne.	in Accordance with Generally Accepted				
III.	Fine	lings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards					

N/A.

ZEPHYR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

None required.